

## TAKE Pickwick's Advice

"Follow the crowd, if there are two crowd's follow the largest, you will be sure to be lead here to buy your Merchandise."

THE CUSTOMER who pays 75c for any kind of goods here gets more than he or she can buy anywhere else for \$1.00 to \$1.25. Comparison will prove this statement to any fair minded man or woman. Comparison has already proven it to hundreds, else we would not be doing the business we do.

We buy our goods directly from the manufacturers, no middle man's profit to pay. We can naturally sell for less, as others must pay middlemen's profit, and you must pay back to them. Are you going to be one of those who pay two profits, or are you going to be one of the hundreds of our customers who get the best goods at a saving of 20 to 25 per cent.

Our Big 15 Days Sale Starts August 1st, and lasts for Fifteen Days

Out in the country they're having the sweet scent of the timothy-burdens every fragrant breeze with delight; here it is harvest time for you too. The customer who wants to make money can only do so by attending our 15 day Sale. Nothing that any other store has offered, or can offer, can begin to compare with our bargain. Make hay while the sun shines.

## BRENNER'S CASH STORE

The Store that divides the profits with their customers, Grayling, Mich.

## Our Stock of Groceries Is Always Large

And we receive a new supply daily. Here is an index of the things that you need every day, such as:

Ammonia, Axle Grease, Baking Powder, all kinds; Blacking Paste and liquid for shoes and stoves; Borax, Bluing, Brooms, Brushes for scrubbing and stoves.

Canned Lobsters, Shrimps, Salmon, Sardines—domestic and imported, Hamburger and Beef and Fish Balls. Canned Apples, Apricots, Blackberries, Cherries, Peaches, Pears, Pineapples, Plums, Raspberries and Strawberries.

Canned Corn Beef, Roast Beef, Veal Loaf, Potted Ham, Devilled Ham, Ham Loaf, Lamb Tongue, Hamburger Steaks and sliced Dried Beef.

Canned Beans, all kinds; Corn, Mushrooms, Sour Kraut, Succotash, Peas, Pumpkins, Tomatoes, Asparagus, Spinach, Beets, Canned Soups, assorted.

Carpet Tacks, Cloth Lines, Cheese, Cream, Brick and Limburger; Chocolates; Bakers' and German Sweet, Cocoa; Baker's and Kunkels; Coffee, 15 different kinds, 25 to 40c; Postum, Chicory, Chewing Gum, Milks, condensed and evaporated; Crackers, butter soda.

Dried Fruit—Apples, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes, Dates and Figs.

Citron, Orange, Lemon Peels, Flavoring Extract.

Farinagions and Breakfast Food of all kinds; Flour, there is no better in town; Fruit Jars and rubbers.

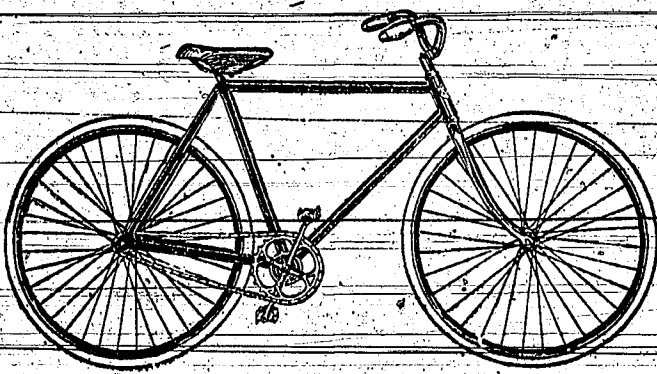
Soap, laundry and toilet; Washing Powders and Starch, Spices, and a fancy selection of Teas.

We will be pleased to fill your order.

Respectfully Yours,

**H. PETERSEN**

Phone 25



RIDE A GOOD BIKE

Coaster Break FREE for Balance of season.

AVALANCHE OFFICE.

### BUSINESS MEETING AND BANQUET NEXT WEEK.

#### Crawford County Industrial Association to Complete Organization.

Announcements have been issued telling of the big, long-looked-for meeting of the Crawford County Progressive association. It will be held next Tuesday afternoon, August 6, at the court house in this city.

The association is assured of about 165 members to start with and no doubt a number of other will come in before next Tuesday's meeting and thus be enrolled as charter members.

The success this far attained in the launching of a commercial board for Crawford county has quite exceeded the expectation of the most optimistic of the six or perhaps eight local business men, who were the instigators of the idea. It was last November when a few representative merchants met and talked the matter over. Other meetings followed and each time the attendance was larger and the interest greater until now we are about to become a reality, and no doubt, a power for good in an industrial and agricultural way for promoting the interests of this county.

We have natural resources that will give the association plenty of public work for some time to come. We have some of the best producing lands that there are in the state and with these offered to settlers and with the systematic assistance of such a commercial body as the above organization, our county surely stands upon the threshold of rapid settlement.

We have excellent shipping facilities in Grayling and also Frederic and inducements to manufacturers for sites in these two towns should make strong appeal.

At next Tuesday's meeting there will be elected nine members to the board of directors. These nine members together with the officials of the association will constitute the board.

The present officers of the association are, R. Hanson, president; O. F. Barnes, vice president; M. Hanson, treasurer.

The secretary will be engaged by the board of directors.

Following the business meeting at the court house in the afternoon there will be a banquet at the opera house. An excellent program has been prepared, and will be given in connection with the banquet. This promises to be interesting and instructive and it is hoped that every member will be present.

ent. Following is the program:

Toastmaster T. W. Hanson  
The Making of a City O. F. Barnes  
Selling a City Justin A. Ranyan  
Practical Farming in Crawford County L. B. Merrill

Labor's Problem—James Overton  
"Master and Man" Forrest A. Lord  
Putting Michigan on the Map Wm. F. Johnson

Considerable credit is due to the committee which was appointed at the last meeting, to secure members and make nominations for directors and arrange plans for next Tuesday's meeting. They have worked hard giving considerable of their time without any remuneration for their service. It has meant considerable expense to some of them and should have the appreciation of the association members.

#### County Clerks Office

The statement of the annual apportionment of the Primary School Interest money for Crawford county for the year of 1912, has been received from Superintendent of Public Instruction on July 25th, the amount is \$7.45 per capita, to wit:

Township	No. of Children	Amount Apportioned
Beaver Creek	104	\$ 774.80
Frederic	236	1758.20
Grayling	668	4976.60
Maple Forest	62	461.90
Lovells	51	379.95
South Branch	58	432.10
Total	1179	8783.55

Not so bad.

#### Public Notice

Office of Highway Commissioner, Francis O. Peck, Grayling, Mich.

Notice is hereby given that the swampy road running east from Grayling on the section line between the sections known as the Dead Stream swamp and Tarbell swamp are hereby declared unsafe for travel, and people traveling said road do so at their own risk as this road is hereby condemned for an indefinite time.

By order of Highway Comm. Francis O. Peck, Supervisor, James J. Collin, Dated this 27th day of July, 1912.

#### Notice

I will not be responsible for any bills or contracts contracted by my wife after the day and date of this paper.

HERBERT KNIBBS,  
Maple Forest,  
Michigan.

8-1-3w

### GRAYLING DEFEATS NATIONALS SATURDAY.

#### And Lost Sunday's Game in a Comedy of Errors.

Grayling evidently caught a Tartar in the National team of Saginaw last Saturday and Sunday. Our boys won the first game rather easily, knocking Goodrow out of the box in the seventh and making seven runs to the Nationals' one. Spencer pitched tight ball and deserved a shut-out but for some careless work by his supporters in the ninth inning.

Our gang hit like hounds and held well until the above mentioned ninth. The Sunday game was certainly a different affair. Mueller, who threw the last five innings Saturday opposed Johnson and had everything. He did not start in very strong and we got our three runs in the first three innings and but for some very stupid base running might have had more. He improved with each inning and as the game progressed it was quite evident that we were due for a beating. Rain started in the seventh and came down so hard that Umpire, Fred Butsch, decided to call the game, giving the Nationals the decision, 10 to 3. The Saginaw team are good ball players and we hope to cross bats with them again. They showed a disposition to grab a little Saturday but the writer can find some excuse, as Dyer was off very much on a number of plays and all against our opponents.

Following is a tabulated report of Sunday's game:

Grayling	AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
Hodge	5	0	0	2	1	0	
Laurant	5	0	1	1	0	0	
Johnson	4	0	2	3	0	1	
Woodburn	4	2	3	2	1	1	
Green	3	0	0	0	0	0	
Meliskamp	3	2	3	0	0	0	
Bibbins	4	2	1	15	3	1	
Lestkus	4	1	2	1	1	0	
Spencer	4	0	0	0	0	0	
McMann	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	34	7	12	27	8	3	

Nationals	AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
Schrafer	4	0	0	0	0	0	
Ray	4	0	1	0	4	1	
Mooney	4	0	2	1	0	0	
Gillespie	4	0	2	9	0	1	
Chilton	4	1	1	3	0	1	
Minnis	4	0	0	0	1	1	
Haas	4	0	0	2	0	0	
Beales	3	0	1	9	0	1	
Goodrow	2	0	0	0	5	1	
Mueller	1	0	0	0	1	0	
Total	34	1	7	24	11	6	

(Continued on fourth page)

### The Home Circle

If you want cheerfulness in your home, you must have sunshine and genial hearts. Plan to live in the sunshine; if there is a pleasant room in your dwelling, live there; if there is a dark room, shut it up; keep the children out of it; if you have troubles, shut them up there—never take them into the family circle—give home the sunniest thought and plans of your whole life and fill it with love, joy, peace, gladness—sunshine.

Take the trouble to get well acquainted with your children, and to interest yourself in their pastime, etc. By this means they will learn to confide and trust in you, and are not easily led away by outside influence.

#### HOME AS HEAVEN

The earthly home is only a type. Our town is "a city of homes." In my Father's house are many mansions, said the homeless one of Galilee. Birds of the air had nests, foxes had holes in the ground but He had not where to lay His head. John Howard Payne, who wrote "Home Sweet Home," was also an exile, like his Master. In a little village graveyard a tombstone to a mother had this homely epitaph: "She Made Home Happy." Sounds like Christ's "She hath done what she could." A real home is surely a happy place built on a hilltop of cheerfulness. No shadow rests there. Morning comes early; evening stays late. Life is a stormy sea, home a harbor.

#### BABIES OR DOGS?

A society in Kansas organized to find homes for homeless children, says that there are women so bereft of all womanly feeling that they actually give their dogs the care that thousands of babies are starving for.

Fashionable London boasts of a sumptuous new toilet parlor for dogs. There a dog can be washed, brushed, perfumed, manicured, and have its teeth brushed.

It is a disgrace to humanity and an insult to honest dog nature.

Dogs can be the most faithful of friends and can inspire great devotion in the hearts of their masters, but they are honest dogs, dogs not pampered, spoiled pups.

The woman who has so little manual dexterity in her heart that she can lavish such admiration on a dog is a pitiable object.

Every good woman is at heart a mother even though she may never bear children. Every little life is to her a wonderful, precious thing, a thing to be cherished and loved.

There are—alas! that it should be so—thousands of hungry neglected babies would think themselves in the lap of luxury if they had half the care that many pet dogs get. They have no soft beds, no petting, no good food.

Think of a baby's soft tender body lying on a squalid, wretched bed while in some luxurious house a poodle lies on the softest down and satin. It is monstrous and cruel.

All women are not blessed with children, but the woman who spends on a dog the money that she might give to the aid of some starving baby is a disgrace to womanhood.

It is not only for food that some of the babies are starving. Some of them have plenty of bodily luxury but their baby hearts are starving for love and comprehension.

Thank goodness that the women who spend their time and money on the pampering of dogs are rare, and that the good mother is to be found in every corner of the earth, from throned and the mansion down to the humblest home of the peasant or toiler.

People who have been bolstered up and liveried all their lives are seldom good for anything else in a crisis, misfortune comes, they look around for something to cling to or lean upon. If the prop is not there, down they go. Once down they are as helpless as capsize turtles or unhorsed men in armor, and they cannot find their feet again, without assistance. They are like summer vines which never grow even ligneous but stretch out a thousand little hands to grasp the stronger shrubs; and if they cannot reach them they die disheveled in the grass, hoof-trodden and beaten of every storm. It will be found that the first real movement upward will not take place until, in a spirit of resolute self-denial, indolence so natural to almost everyone is mastered. Necessity is usually the spur that sets the sluggish energies in motion. Poverty is therefore often a blessing to a young man than posterity; for while one tends to stimulate his powers, the other inclines them to longer disease.

#### Notice.

All parties running traction engines through my road district will be required to provide themselves with extra planks for crossing bridges or cross at their own risk.

FRANCIS O. PECK.

### Cross--Eye

The old truism "Prevention is better than cure" was never more correct than in the treatment of Cross-Eye [Squint]. Up to the last few years this trouble was thought to be due to short or faulty attached muscles, so muscle cutting was practiced, and many unfortunates paid the penalty of experimental surgery.

#### The cause of Squint.

Eyestrain, due to an abnormal shaped eye, by causing an excessive strain on the accommodative and converging muscles, is now positively known to cause Cross-Eye or Squint, which is the proper term to use. The time to look after an apparent squint is when you first notice a tendency of the eyes to cross, which generally is in early life, oftentimes when but a mere babe. Do not listen to the advice of those who say, "Let it alone, he will outgrow it," but take the child at once to a competent optometrist, who by the aid of lenses can straighten the eyes permanently through their use. I would be glad to explain more fully the causes and cure of squint at anytime, if you will call at my office.

### C. J. Hathaway

Optometrist

### SORENSEN'S ICE CREAM PARLOR

Is the popular place to enjoy a refreshing dish of Cream or Soda. They have all the good specialties in this line. They serve Connor's World's Best Ice Cream

It is pure and delicious, and sold by the dish or in bulk.

OPEN ON SUNDAY EVENING  
From 7:00 to 9:15



THE quality of your baking can be improved by a careful choice of the flour you use. You are assured the pleasure and satisfaction of a good baking if you back up your skill with

### Diamond Flour

Always of highest quality—always dependable—always pleasingly satisfactory. Get a sack today.

DAVID STOTT, MILLER,  
DETROIT, MICH.

For Sale by M. Simpson

#### The Trials of a Traveler

"I am a travelling salesman," writes E. B. Young, R. Berkshire, Vt., "and was often troubled with constipation and indigestion till I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills, which I have found an excellent remedy." For all stomach, liver or kidney troubles they are unequalled. Only 25 cents at A. M. Lewis & Co.

I AM a candidate for the nomination of member of Congress for the 10th District.

I am a real Progressive Republican, not half a one.

I believe in the initiative, referendum and recall.

I believe in the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

I believe in a uniform law for every state, to provide for the nomination of president by direct vote of the people.

I believe that the people must and shall rule.

I am opposed to any form of Reciprocity with Canada or any other country that will favor special interests and work injustice to the farmer, the laboring man or to our citizens generally.

In fact I believe in and will fight for the principles advocated by Roosevelt, LaFollette, Cummins and other progressive leaders.

I believe that as Mayor of Bay City I have shown that I would not only stand for, but fight for the things I believe to be right. I believe that any man who refuses to do this is unfit to hold public office.

I most respectfully solicit the support of all progressive members of the Republican party, at the primaries on August 27th, 1912.

Very Respectfully

ROY O. WOODRUFF.



# The Avalanche

O. P. BOHMAN, Pub.  
GRATINGS. MICHIGAN.

Being a philosopher with \$1,000,000 in the bank is our notion of a soft job.

"The whale" says a naturalist, "will soon be extinct." But why blubber about it?

Sometimes the exception proves the rule, but it is generally the unexpected which happens.

A beauty doctor says that slapping the face is good for the complexion. She may prefer freckles.

A genius in California has succeeded in developing a seedless tomato, but the odorless onion still is afar off.

Our notion of a true philosopher is one who can take a calm and untroubled view of life while seated in a dentist's chair.

A Maryland doctor says that cutting out the tonsils is a serious mistake, from the doctor's point of view, we presume.

Some of the doctors say the adoption of the bill would be more hygienic than trousers. Yes, but would it be as modest?

"Drink buttermilk and live long," says Prof. Mitchell. But where is the joy of living long if one must drink buttermilk?

A vacation would be beneficial to a hard working mortal were it not for the fact that it takes two weeks to recover from it.

Kissing may be dangerous, as our physicians say, but a little danger now and then is relished by the best of men and women.

The shah of Persia's kitchen utensils are valued at \$25,000,000, and at that we'll bet he can't find a bottle opener when he wants it.

A New York informant says that nobody can be happy on less than \$5,000 a year. Verily, there is a vast amount of unhappiness in this world.

A Cleveland man has invented a steel car "strap" that will not carry germs. While he was at it, why didn't he invent a few seats instead?

The anti-kissing crusade may be all right in its way, but it strikes us that a great deal depends on the age and publicity of the kisser.

Cincinnati is proud of its woman teacher in a vacation school who umpires baseball games so fairly the ire of the bleachers is never aroused.

Only the female mosquitoes prey on human beings, and sometimes we are led to believe that the females outnumber the males by 1,000,000 to 1.

Some people are born famous, some achieve fame, but a girl in Newport won the easy way by wearing an automobile veil floating five feet in the breeze.

"Hobble skirts," says an investigator, "were worn in early Biblical days." Evidently one of the reasons for the destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah.

Once upon a time there lived a man who really enjoyed his vacation, but that was in the ancient days before the summer hotel had been inflicted on humanity.

The New York writers who several weeks ago organized a strike have applied to their former employers for work. They found a "tipless world" a cheerless one.

Some day the art of farming may be so far advanced that humanity will be enabled to eat a blackberry, the substance of which is less than 70 per cent seeds.

Quoth a woman novelist: "It takes a clever woman to keep out of matrimony." But if a mere man would keep out of wedlock he must be nothing short of a genius.

China insists that if she borrows any money she must be allowed to spend it in her own way. If the lenders do not like that they need not lend it. This seems reasonable.

One of the courts has decided that a woman who steps off backward from a street car has no claim for damages. The wife of the judge who rendered the decision must be slim and observant.

An exchange tells us that France is training eagles to attack aeroplanes. Far be it from us to contradict anybody, but the man who invented that story has all the qualifications of a successful fisherman.

The conspiracy to oust the hobble by beginning with the hobble, not having succeeded, it is now proposed to do the trick by having platts in the hobble. They seem determined to make women use more cloth somehow or other.

An attempt to raise a considerable fund of money for the New York schooler who accomplished the gigantic work of equalizing salaries in the schools, has failed lamentably. Post facto gratitude is the rarest thing known to modern science.

A Chicago judge has announced that he will send to jail for six months every chauffeur who hits a pedestrian and doesn't stop. That's right. It's only fair to give pedestrians a chance to hit back the man who hits them.

A Pennsylvania minister has come frankly out in opposition to the proposed college of one-half cent and one-cent pieces. He says the "churches would suffer." The humorously minded disclosed this probability some time ago, and the voice of experience confirms the jokers.

## BREAKING OF DAMS FLOODS TWO STATES

DESOLATION IN PENNSYLVANIA  
AND WEST VIRGINIA CAUSED  
BY BREAKING OF DAMS.

MANY INHABITANTS SAVED BY  
TELEPHONE WARNING.

Telephones, Telegraphs and Railroads  
Wrecked, and Towns of Lake  
Pigeon Area Cut Off From  
the World.

Over 60 lives were claimed by floods and cloudbursts in southwest Pennsylvania and West Virginia, hundreds of homes and business houses destroyed. Uniontown, Pa., leads the list of towns dead with 15. At Wheeling, W. Va., three were drowned; at Lemont, Pa., four drowned; at Ellenswood, Pa., three drowned; and 60 lives are reported to have been lost in other towns of the two states.

Uniontown, Lemont, Mt. Braddock, Connellsville and Dunbar, Pa., were inundated. In Turtle Creek valley the damage is enormous and scores of families are homeless in the upper Youghiogheny valley.

Railroad traffic through a great territory is demoralized, especially so at Uniontown, where the tracks of two railroads were torn from their foundations. Several towns are without railroad, mail, telephone and telegraph connections.

From West Virginia cities no reports can be obtained because telegraph wires are down.

Early morning hours brought at least one joy, and that was daylight. Camp fires, candles and oil lamps had shown the scenes of devastation wrought by torrential rains in weird fashion, and all were thankful when darkness passed.

Everywhere there was a picture of widespread desolation, a vivid reminder of the swifter and more terrible waters that had taken many human lives and caused much ruin.

The places and the number reported as having been drowned at each are as follows:

Uniontown, Pa., 15 drowned.  
Smuck, Pa., located in Redstone valley, 14 reported drowned.  
Glenstone, Pa., 12 miners missing, and reported drowned.

At Lynn, Pa., two miners reported drowned.  
At Wheeling, W. Va., three were drowned.  
At Lemont, Pa., four miners reported drowned.

At Ellenswood, Pa., H. T. King, his wife and child, drowned.  
At New Martinsville, six reported drowned.

At Monacahele, W. Va., one reported drowned.  
Fairmont, W. Va., two drowned.

Of this list of 63 fatalities it has been possible to account definitely for 23. Those who are known to have met death are at Uniontown, Wheeling, Ellenswood, Fairmont and Monacahele.

Admittedly, the death list will not be known for many days to come. A large number of mines were flooded in a short space of time. Working men were compelled to flee for their lives.

Many candidates file petitions. Seekers after places on the primary ballot as candidates for nomination by the Progressive party as congressmen and state senators are filing petitions with Secretary of State Martin Dale.

E. N. Dingley of Kalamazoo has filed for the congressional nomination in the Third district. Robert A. Smyth for state senator in the Seventh district. George W. Wood of Lake City for senator in the Twenty-seventh. Dr. Nolan Abbott for representative in the Missaukee district. John W. Patchen, of Traverse City, for the congressional nomination in the Ninth. J. Mark Harvey of Kalamazoo for senator in the Sixth. Senator M. H. Moriarty of Crystal Falls is again out for Republican nomination in his district, and L. G. Crampton has filed for the Republican congressional nomination in the Seventh.

The petitions of P. H. Kelley for Republican nomination for congressmen have been found sufficient.

Discovers Flaw in Election Law. A curious complication in the law pertaining to the selection of county drain commissioners has been discovered by Ferdinand Matz, Macomb county commissioner and candidate for re-election.

The new heads that drain commissioners in the various counties shall be elected every two years and shall hold office for four years. Matz, elected two years ago, but in order to be safe he will run again. The law, he refers to was enacted at a regular session of the legislature in 1909.

The Democratic campaign fund contained about \$1,000,000 when Alton B. Parker ran for president in 1904, according to W. F. Sheehan, a New York, who testified before the senate committee investigating campaign funds.

The Valley Home Telephone Co. was granted authority by the state railroad commission to issue \$2,000,000 for the purpose of extending the system.

To test the theory of artificial rain-making, 4,500 pounds of dynamite was discharged by a committee of the Battle Creek Industrial association at Level Park, west of Battle Creek.

The dynamiting was started in the middle of the forenoon, and soon after the first explosion the wind and rain storms of the season hit the city. The weather observer scoffs at the idea that rain can be produced by artificial means.

Judge John S. McDonald sustained a dislocated shoulder and other painful injuries in an automobile accident in Grand Rapids. The judge was crashing his machine when it suddenly leaped forward and run him down.

The Psychiatric clinic of Johns Hopkins hospital will treat "blues" as a mental affection, holding it to be a mild form of insanity.

Twenty prisoners in Mason county jail have sent a written protest to county officials against being confined with a man suffering from a loathsome disease. They contend dogs are treated better.

## GAMBLERS RAISE FUND \$250,000. Raised for Defense in New York Murder Case.

A fund of \$250,000 has been raised to defend the gamblers and gang fighters, accused of being agents of the police system in the killing of Herman Rosenthal in New York.

While this fund is being collected by their opponents, the police are sending broadcast denunciations of men suspected of the actual crime. Their search has narrowed down to five men:

Whitey Lewis, gambler and gun fighter, alleged by the police to be one of the actual slayers of Rosenthal, reported to be in Chicago.

Harry Harowitz, alias "Gib" the "Big" gun fighter, and follower of "Blood" Zelig; declared to be one of the slayers.

Leif Lofgren, 35-year-old gambler, supposed to be one of the slayers.

"Dago Frank," right name undisclosed, also suspected of the actual crime.

Samuel Schepers, gambler, now residing, supposed to be one of the men in the gray car in which the assassins escaped.

The police are also trying to secure a confession from Louis Weber, owner of the gambling den where the Rosenthal murder took place. Weber's decision to inform on his accomplices was hastened, it is said, by a visit made to him in the Tombs by his young wife. She urged him to confess, and Attorney William M. O'Connell offered immunity for his confession.

Stanley Report Ready. Two Old Parties Will Announce Campaign Doctrine on Trusts.

The Stanley steel committee designated to investigate the United States Steel Corporation is ready to report to the house of representatives.

The Democratic majority on the committee will incorporate in their report a statement that is to serve through the coming campaign as the Democratic doctrine relating to corporations.

Representative H. Olin Young, of Ishpeming, Mich., advocates what is known as the Republican doctrine on trusts.

R. R. Board Can Now Fix Rate. The recent decision of the supreme court in the D. & M. railroad case is a great victory for the state railroad commission.

The decision settles the question whether the commission is empowered with the power to fix rates. In the particular case it was not a question of making an entire new rate, in one sense, but rather to lower rates.

However, the opinion gives us the power to lower or raise freight rates, a power which is not conceded to the commission.

The decision will mean that several fights now being put up by railroads in attempts to prevent the commission from changing rates will be dropped as already manifested in communications received by the commission.

The greatest victory the commission has obtained since it has been a member.

Telegraph Notes. While automobiling through the suburbs of Escanaba, ex-Mayor John Linley's hat was shot from his head by careless boys.

Ref. T. J. Jodoy will found a Belgian colony near London in the upper peninsula. It is expected that 10 families, direct from Belgium, will locate there this fall.

Charles S. Fales, of Houghton, for 12 years general superintendent of the Copper Range railroad, has resigned and is succeeded by A. H. Ehlers, former assistant superintendent.

Elmer Bronley, who has been in the pen for a year and a half for his part in the murder of a woman, is expected to be released in the near future.

The state treasurer has received a check of \$12,000 from Receiver G. B. Johnston, of the D. & T. L. for taxes. It is the first payment the company has been able to make for some time because of financial troubles.

The Chinaman who on July 3 attempted to assassinate Sir Francis H. May, the governor of Hong Kong, by shooting him with a revolver, pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to life imprisonment at hard labor.

Dr. Hans Dume, professor of political economy in the Berlin university, and a personal friend of the Kaiser, is lying in Bellevue hospital, New York, with a fractured skull received in a street car accident.

The modest sum of \$10 was all that Miss Kenda Goyewka asked as bail for a broken heart when she filed suit for breach of promise in Chicago against Adam Zakwyl.

Miss Goyewka, a considerable sum as well as a devoted wife of her husband, is suing for the return of the \$10, which she presented the bill. The amount, \$10, asked for one broken heart on the bill, which in all amounted to \$751.60, was the last item entered.

The other items included \$2 of court of \$5 each, a wedding ring of \$100, and a trousseau, \$175. She brought suit for \$1,000, but the jury awarded her only the amount of the itemized bill.

That farming, even in the eastern states and when conducted on a small scale, is far more profitable than most industrial enterprises, is shown by report to the state department of agriculture on the farms owned by the state and operated in connection with various state institutions.

One of the farms connected with the Rome Custodial institution shows an annual profit of 23.2 per cent.

The army and navy are at dispute over the wearing of pajamas. The navy is supplying them to its men, while the army refuses to wear them until ordered to do so by congress.

Lieut. Freusser, a German military aviator, was killed in Leipzig as he was making a landing after a flight in Grand Rapids. The judge was crashing his machine when it suddenly leaped forward and run him down.

After having been officially and legally "Columbia college" for more than 125 years, the institution is at last to have its name changed to Columbia university, according to a motion filed with the state supreme court. The trustees of Columbia college in the city of New York will henceforth be "The trustees of Columbia university in the city of New York."

## EMPEROR OF JAPAN DIES, ILL 10 DAYS

END COMES AT 12:43 TUESDAY;  
WAS ONE HUNDRED AND  
TWENTY-FIRST EMPEROR.

CROWN PRINCE YOSHIHITO HAS  
SUCCEEDED TO THRONE.

Japan's Awakening From the Barbaric State Was One Feature of His Long Reign.

The mikado died at 12:43 Tuesday morning, after struggling for 10 days for life. The cabinet and many of the leading nobles were in the palace waiting for the end, which had been expected at any moment since early Sunday.

Acute nephritis was given as the cause of the mikado's death.

The crown prince, Yoshihito, has succeeded to the throne.

Mutsuhito, the one hundred and twenty-first emperor of Japan, was born at Kyoto, Nov. 3, 1852, and his reign, beginning in 1867, on the death of his father, Kamei, had extended over almost the whole of the awakening and modernizing of his country.

Coming to the throne when he was but 15 years old, his part in the struggle which took place during his earlier years was certainly small, and little is known of it. It was nearly 20 years before he became of an age to take any active part in public affairs, but since that time he has accepted with apparent enthusiasm the place of a constitutional monarch, and has taken a leading part in the development of the kingdom during the last 35 years of his reign.

The mikado's tastes have been largely military, rather than administrative, and his part in the internal government is understood to have been confined chiefly with the development of the magnificent imperial navy, which astonished the world in the war with Russia.

AMERICA FOREIGN TRADE. Exports for the Fiscal Year Exceeded a Billion.

Exportation of manufactures in the fiscal year just ended more than justified the estimate of the bureau of statistics, department of commerce and labor, that the total value would be \$1,000,000,000.

In 1912 for the first time cross the billion dollar line. The bureau, which has just completed its figures, states the total value of manufactures exported in the fiscal year at \$1,001,000,000, of which \$74,302,903 was the value of manufactures ready for consumption.

The value of manufactures for further use in manufacturing.

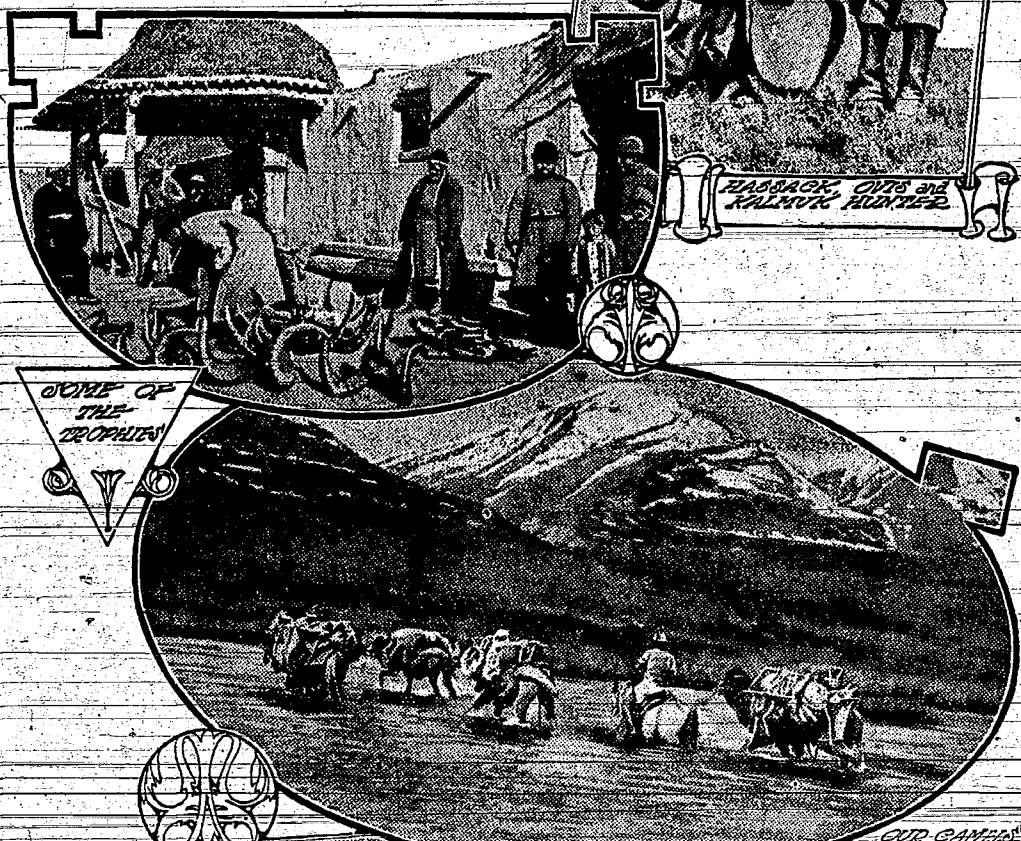
This does not include foodstuffs which have undergone a process of preparation or manufacture, since they, being goods, articles of that class under the general heading of "food stuffs" exported. Value of manufactures exported in the fiscal year 1912 is more than double that of 1903.

GRAIN, ETC. Detroit.—Wheat—Cash and July No. 1, \$1.05; No. 2, \$1.04; No. 3, \$1.03; No. 4, \$1.02; No. 5, \$1.01; No. 6, \$1.00; No. 7, \$0.99; No. 8, \$0.98; No. 9, \$0.97; No. 10, \$0.96; No. 11, \$0.95; No. 12, \$0.94; No. 13, \$0.93; No. 14, \$0.92; No. 15, \$0.91; No. 16, \$0.90; No. 17, \$0.89; No. 18, \$0.88; No. 19, \$0.87; No. 20, \$0.86; No. 21, \$0.85; No. 22, \$0.84; No. 23, \$0.83; No. 24, \$0.82; No. 25, \$0.81; No. 26, \$0.80; No. 27, \$0.79; No. 28, \$0.78; No. 29, \$0.77; No. 30, \$0.76; No. 31, \$0.75; No. 32, \$0.74; No. 33, \$0.73; No. 34, \$0.72; No. 35, \$0.71; No. 36, \$0.70; No. 37, \$0.69; No. 38, \$0.68; No. 39, \$0.67; No. 40, \$0.66; No. 41, \$0.65; No. 42, \$0.64; No. 43, \$0.63; No. 44, \$0.62; No. 45, \$0.61; No. 46, \$0.60; No. 47, \$0.59; No. 48, \$0.58; No. 49, \$0.57; No. 50, \$0.56; No. 51, \$0.55; No. 52, \$0.54; No. 53, \$0.53; No. 54, \$0.52; No. 55, \$0.51; No. 56, \$0.50; No. 57, \$0.49; No. 58, \$0.48; No. 59, \$0.47; No. 60, \$0.46; No. 61, \$0.45; No. 62, \$0.44; 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# AFTER WILD SHEEP in CENTRAL ASIA

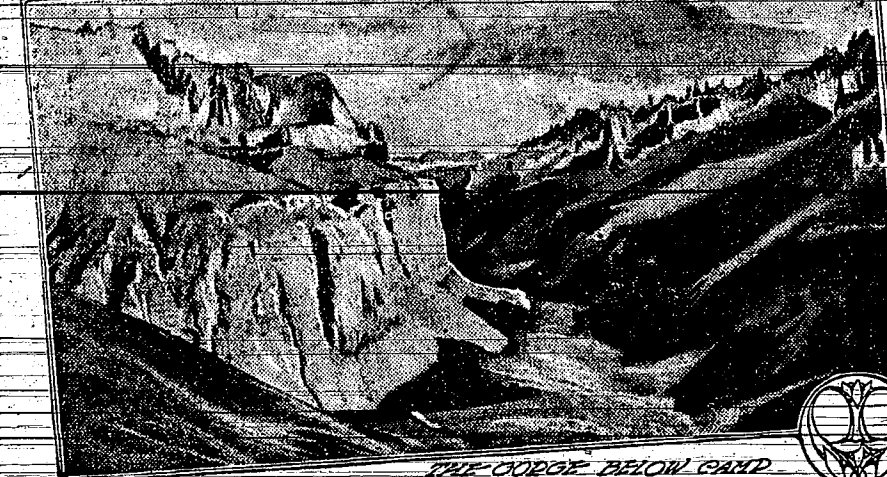
**W**ONG the many happy hunting grounds, in which I have found myself during the last thirty years, I know of none which has interested me more than the Great Altai mountains, where, last year, I had the good fortune to spend a month in search of the Ovis ammon. I have said interested me, and it should be understood that this interest and experience were from the sportsman's point of view, quite unique, owing to the total absence of any native hunters to assist, or even to give the least clue as to where the great sheep might be found. It may be superfluous to add that one invariably finds the services and benefit of a second, and usually very keen, pair of eyes to assist in finding the game and subsequently to help in the stalk. In the present instance, however, it was a case of single blessedness with a vengeance. The reason of this absolute dearth of local shikaris is accounted for by the rooted objection which the native inhabitant of these wilds, the nomad Hassack, has to walking. To his ideas it is not the thing to do. Ponies and camels, again, are plentiful, and the Hassacks of both sexes, when on foot, shod as they are in a kneeboot with grotesquely high heel, stomp along in a most uncomfortable manner, as though every step would bring them down. Luckily, I had hunted the big sheep before, and was fairly conversant with his ways, so one morning soon after



SOME OF THE TROPHIES

DAMAGE DONE BY BORDEAUX MIXTURE

CUR CAMEL CARAVAN



THE COURSE BELOW CAMP

dawn I started off to search the valley, at the mouth of which we were encamped. The morning was beautifully clear, and I took matters somewhat easily, as I had left directions for one of our Mongol escort to follow me up with the lunch and my pony, for, as usual with these gentlemen, he was late, and enjoying his easily earned "twelve" hours repose. Needless to add, I saw nothing of him nor of the lunch that day. Working my way steadily up the half-frozen stream at the bottom of the valley, after a while I made out the forms of two men at the head of the trail. They appeared to be waiting, and soon began to feed on the new grass shoots. Then two finer men came to view, I felt I was in luck, but there's many a slip. Scanning the rugged ground and looking for the best way to approach them I soon recognized that it was not such an easy matter. To follow up the stream bed, over the snow and ice meant being seen. The left side of the valley, a slope of broken rocks and shale, was equally out of the question. I therefore resolved to try the right side, though not without misgivings, on account of the snow slopes and forbidding-looking precipices. I concluded that if I succeeded in tracking this right side that I should be able to work round and above the sheep. After waiting for an hour, the fine beasts made things somewhat easier for me by feeding down and behind a small rocky point. During my long watch I had been dreading just the Mongol with the ponies should appear and scare away the sheep. Chancing this, however, and judging I knew my Mongol, I started out up the stream. Some little way on I managed to cross on a snow-bridge, expecting at any moment to disappear through the soft snow. Then followed a long and steady ascent over huge boulders of broken rock, interspersed with soft, wet shale. Here was where the local knowledge of the man on the spot would have been invaluable, for I had not been able up to this to discern that to reach the high ridge immediately above the sheep was impracticable. A change of plans was, therefore, necessary. Holding on, I tried to scale the rocks to the right, which rocks, I am convinced, would have lightened the heart of an ibex or thar. Had a hunter been with me, I could have succeeded in this clambering ascent, as it was, I had to work down to the lower ground again and make the best of a bad job for having got within one hundred yards of the ridge, behind which the sheep had disappeared to my disgust. I discovered two men standing on the slope, staring straight down at me. Sinking slowly to the ground, I sat motionless. One man then moved behind the ridge, and the other, having been joined by a third, followed suit. The last sheep carried a fine head, and was very white—evidently an old one. As they had moved off slowly, I hoped that I might find them feeding, and be still able to get on terms; but they took no chances, and when I got to the top of the ridge there was not a sign of them. I was just about to retire when I saw a grand sight. Several thousand feet above me were my five rams,

stalking quietly away along the top of a steep ridge. The leader, who was the largest and whitest, had thick, massive horns, and they all, with one exception, would have made a fine trophy. I congratulated myself on thus getting a second chance, and watched them as they went "stiltily" along. In the way they move when scared. At length the procession stopped, and they lay down on the steep side of the slope, from whence they commanded the whole of the valley. Off I went again, over huge, sharp boulders of broken rock, but I was soon held up on coming to a large open patch of deep snow. There was nothing for it but to wait patiently and make myself as comfortable and warm as possible among the boulders.

After an hour or so, about 1:30 p. m., they rose, stretched themselves, scanned the whole countryside, and again moved slowly off away to the north. They were evidently in a nervous mood. Following them, after a while I crossed the snow patch, ploughing through the snow, which in places was up to my middle, and following in the deep tracks of the herd.

It was still wet, and was followed by a still stiffer climb to the top of a razor-backed ridge. This I descended, the rams still in view. The ground here was quite open, but wild sheep usually look for danger from below, and I remained unnoticed. They finally disappeared slowly round the slope of a high rounded hill, about eight hundred yards ahead. I quickly started off to gain the crest of this hill, hoping to intercept the game, but was doomed to further disappointment. There was not a sign of them. My aneroid here registered eleven thousand feet, and we had reached the highest part of the downs. A cold wind was now blowing, mists came rolling up out of the valleys and it looked like snow.

Taking up a couple of holes in my belt and a pull at my flask, I followed along the north face of the mountain. Avoiding the patches of soft snow, in which I noticed the marks of sheep's hoofs, suddenly on the opposite side, and some way below, I saw my five old friends, evidently bent on shifting their quarters still further to the west. They must have got my wind. Clouds occasionally hid me from the sheep, so, under cover of this, I determined to make a dash back for less open ground, and to move down and try to get in a shot. I had now been steadily on the move for over twelve hours, and had worked back towards the open valley, though away from the camp. My hurried move failed. Now that the excitement of the stalk was over, I vented deep snatches on the Mongol's head for not having brought up the ponies. When within a mile or so of camp I was met by our whole retinue, who had turned out to conduct me in. Search parties had gone out, thinking I was lost. After a hearty meal of our standing dish—Hassack mutton—I soon turned in, and this terminated one of the hardest and most pleasant days which have fallen to my lot, and certainly one that I am never likely to forget.

The next few days I spent looking for those fine old rams again, but without success, for these

sheep, when thoroughly scared, travel many miles, and successfully hide themselves. Leaving camp at 4:30 one morning, shortly before dawn, the two hunters and I had not been long at work when the Kalmuk pulled up short, but too late, for we had been seen first by a flock of nine rams, who were taking their early feed on the side of a steep ravine. On they went, towards higher ground, but in no great haste, towards higher ground, which they immediately appeared, we dismounted, and soon yelped them again. They were some distance off, feeding on an open slope, which appeared to be secure from attack; but there was one weak spot. After scanning the herd and noticing three or four good heads among them, I started off with Hussein to stalk. A warm job it proved, up that steep, loose shale slope, and the pace was perfect slow. At length we made the crest, and took it easy to study the situation. The wind, though light, was chilly, but all seemed well, for the herd were busy feeding. They were what appeared to be about one hundred and fifty yards off, but on a slope somewhat below us. The difficulty was to select the finest head, for to raise one's self more than enough to just peer over would have soon ended matters. Under such circumstances one is always apt to be deceived as to which head is going to beat previous records! The question, however, was brought to an abrupt conclusion by the herd getting their heads up and beginning to look suspicious. In another second they would have been off, so, taking a quick aim, I fired at the chest of what looked like the largest, as he stood head towards me. A rush and a stampede ensued across the soft face of the steep slope below us. The animals were so bunched up that it was impossible to pick out the largest, and the result of my three shots was to bowl over a moderate-sized one only. The herd then disappeared at racing speed, and when next seen they were in the big valley a long way below. We descended and cut up the dead sheep. This finished, and the old Kalmuk carrying the head over his shoulders, we rode on round the slopes after the herd, eventually pulling up and dismounting at the end of a long spur. Here, while on the look-out, we suddenly saw the herd, now only seven in number, come bounding back towards us, evidently disturbed in their flight by my fellow sportsman, who had then appeared on the top of the mountain. The ones looked like charging straight at us, but swerved off and made up the mountain, except one, who, overcome by fright or curiosity, forgot his usual cunning and stopped to have a look at me. I heard the "clap" of the bullet as it struck, and he jumped completely round, then disappeared round a small spur a short distance off. Feeling quite elated at such good fortune, I followed up, expecting to find the sheep—Hassack dogs. Imagining my disappointment, he had vanished. There was no time to be lost, so, starting the Kalmuk off in pursuit over the shoulder of the mountain, Hussein and I took up the blood tracks. Twice during this latter proceeding I heard the report of the Kalmuk's blunderbuss, and momentarily expected to see him return smiling; thus, thinking all was right, we returned to where the ponies had been left. They also had all three vanished, leaving portions of the first dead sheep's carcass scattered about the mountain side. It was some time before we had all collected again and the Kalmuk returned, having, I understood, had a great chase after the wounded ram and marked it down in a net, not far from where we had started the day's work. Loading up the ponies, away we went again, searching fruitlessly for a long time among the numerous mists. Things looked bad. It was getting late, and we were just about to abandon the search till the morning, when, as good luck would have it, the old Kalmuk stopped and pointed below as he did so. I was off my pony in a second, and, peering over, saw the fine old ram, only just able to stand and looking very sick, about fifty feet below. One shot in the shoulder finished him. It shows the extraordinary vitality of these fine animals that, though badly wounded, he had been able to keep going for so long. My shot had just missed the middle of his chest, and had caught him near the point of the right shoulder and raked along his ribs. His horns measured fifty inches.

mentioned, but in Carinthia and other parts of the Tyrol. Northern Italy affords a substitute for bread in the form of polenta, which is a kind of porridge made of the boiled grain. Polenta is not, however, allowed to "granulate" like Scotch porridge or the Austrian sters. It is instead boiled into a solid pudding, which is cut up and portioned out with a string. It is eaten cold as often as it is hot, and is in every sense many an Italian's daily bread. There is a variation of polenta called macalloni, the favorite food of the poorer classes in Romagna. Macalloni resembles polenta inasmuch as it is made of boiled grain, but it is unlike the former in one respect—the grains are not permitted to settle into a solid mass, but are kept distinct after the fashion of oatmeal porridge. A woman is sometimes fugitive, irrational, indeterminate, blornt and contradictory. A great deal of forbearance ought to be shown her.—Henri Frederic Amiel.

## Leaf Spot of Plums and Cherries

By G. H. COONS, Research Assistant in Plant Pathology, Michigan Agricultural College

**Symptoms.**—Just about the time of the ripening of the fruit of plums and cherries, the fruit grower notices that trees have a ragged look and in many cases, they lose their natural green color and become a sickly yellow. If a leaf is examined, it is found that it is thickly peppered with small, round spots or in many cases, instead of their being a spot or dead area, there is nothing left but a circular hole in the leaf. These are the symptoms of leaf spot of plums and cherries or, as it is sometimes called, the "shot-hole" fungus disease. The cause of this disease is a fungus, and each spot on the leaf is a fungus colony. A parasitic fungus is a plant which gets its food from other plants. In other words, steals its living. Fungus reproduce by minute bodies called spores and these serve the purpose of spreading the fungus. These spores are very small, light and are wafted about by small currents of air. When a spore falls upon a leaf and is given the right condition of moisture and temperature, it germinates, enters the leaf and causes the diseased area. After making extensive growth in the leaf, the fungus produces fruiting bodies—more spores to blow about and cause more leaf spots.

**Loss.**—The loss caused by this fungus is one which is often overlooked by the farmer, although it is usually a severe one. Since this attack, for the most part, comes after the present crop of fruit is picked, the loss will be noticed in the next year's crop for it is a well-known fact that when the leaves of a tree are diseased, the food-producing power of that tree is cut down. Given a tree, with practically every leaf affected by this leaf spot disease and you have a tree with very small food-producing power. There will be very little food stored up in the tissues and there will, therefore, be a weak growth next spring and a very poor crop of fruit.

**Control.**—To control this disease, one merely needs to apply a fungicide to the leaves and kill the spores or their sprouts before they have a chance to enter the tissues. Bordeaux mixture has been used for a good many



Plum Leaf Showing Effect of Shot-Hole Fungus.

years, and in many sections is the standard measure relied upon. Recently, self-bolled lime-sulphur has been suggested in place of Bordeaux mixture in order to avoid the burning which frequently follows the use of the copper fungicide. The department of horticulture at M. A. C. has found that for cherries and plums (other than the Japanese varieties) diluted lime-sulphur is very satisfactory and is to be preferred to either Bordeaux or self-bolled lime-sulphur. The time of application for plums as taken from the spraying calendar is as follows: Just before the buds swell; immediately after the blossoms fall; and ten days or two weeks later. For cherries, use the mixtures mentioned above. Just before the blossoms open; just after the blossoms fall; and ten days or two weeks later and it may be necessary to make another application like this one for rot and leaf spot.

Full information as to the making of the Bordeaux mixture, the self-bolled lime-sulphur and dilute lime-sulphur is found in the spraying bulletin. Special Bulletin 57, by Prof. Eustace and Pettit and this will be sent, free of charge to anyone who will write for it.

The department of botany, East Lansing, Mich., will identify plant diseases and give advice for control, free of charge.

\*Note. Arsenate of lead must be added to control curculio.

**Grill with Oats Ration.**—While it is best at all times to have good, sharp grill constantly before the fowls, it is especially important that grill be supplied when feeding whole oats so that the hulls of oats, which are very rough and unyielding, will be properly ground.

With plenty of sharp grill there is no danger attending oat feeding, though the safest rule is to first soak the oats for an hour in water so that they become more softened.

**Light Milk Best.**—The heavier a bushel measure of wheat or corn weighs, the better it is. With milk the opposite is true; the richer the milk, the less it weighs per gallon.

**Program for Feeding Hogs.**—More grass and green stuff now and more corn later in the summer is the best program for feeding hogs. But we should not shut down suddenly on green forage, and begin at once to stuff with corn, at any time of the fattening period.

## Housing and Care of Farm Machinery

By H. H. MURFELMAN, Instructor in Farm Machinery, Michigan Agricultural College

It would seem superfluous to point out the need of care and protection for farm machinery. There are, however, many farmers who do not give this matter the attention it deserves, and we are led to inquire whether they are fully convinced that it is a matter of dollars and cents, or, on the other hand, one of carelessness and neglect.

It is difficult to produce figures showing that there is a definite saving in the proper housing and care of farm equipment of the kind mentioned. It has been demonstrated, however, and is yearly being shown that such is the case. In almost any community examples can be found where the period of usefulness of machinery, well protected and cared for, is nearly double that on adjoining farms where it is left to the ravages of the weather, with no system of keeping in order.

As showing further the need of more careful attention to the housing of farm management, the following figures are presented. Though some assumptions are made as to the period of usefulness of the machine in question they are based on the judgment of good authorities and may be verified by the experience of the reader. By making a list of the implements and tools required on a 160-acre farm it will be found that their value will not be far from \$1,000. Properly housed and cared for their value referred to should have a period of usefulness of twelve years. On this assumption the yearly cost would be nearly \$83. The annual or yearly cost in each case is found by dividing the first cost by the period of time in use. Taking eight years as the period of usefulness for unprotected equipment it will be found that the annual cost would be \$125. Now an implement house to protect this machinery could be constructed at a cost of from \$2 to \$2.50. Using the latter figure and assuming that the house could be used for 15 years, a yearly cost of nearly \$17 would be shown. Not taking into account interest on investment for the purpose in mind the total annual cost of protected machinery would be \$65 plus \$17 equals \$82, as against an annual cost of \$125 per year for unprotected. From these figures a saving of \$43 per year will be shown.

It should be remarked, too, that in a well-designed implement house the work of caring for implements is not increased. It is often more expedient to drive a machine under cover than to spend time in covering it with canvas or otherwise protecting it temporarily in the field, as must be done for instance, with the binder. The implement house should have ample floor space. Height is not so essential, but space may often be economized by using a hoist of some description to lift and hang the lighter tools and implements on the floor. This would be desirable, particularly for implements or tools used only for short periods of the year. The implement floor should also be open and free from posts if possible to facilitate moving the larger units. The doors should be wide enough to accommodate any implement and close enough together to permit taking machines out of the building without making it necessary to move a great number of others. It might also be said in this connection that an effort should be made to group together those implements in use at the same time. Using this scheme, the whole group may be taken out at once. A concrete floor made level also makes moving heavy implements an easy task. Two men can move a loaded wagon on a cement floor that would be a load for a team if left standing on an earth floor.

The farmer has an endless number of details to look after and hence should make a system of as much of his work as possible. This not only economizes time but leaves his mind free to plan rather than carry and hold items of unimportance. Following is a suggestion intended to show what is meant.

Summer is a busy season and it is difficult to find time to put an implement in order when through using. This is, however, the best time because the operator has in mind the details which need replacing or repairing. This scheme will help economize time and yet bring to mind what is to be done. Procure some shipping tags about 2 1/2 x 1 1/2 (cost \$1 to \$1.50 per M.). When the tool is brought in note on one of these tags the repairs to be made, the number and description of the parts to be ordered. These cards are then attached in a conspicuous place on the implement.

When a favorable time comes for putting the machine in good order these cards will suggest what needs to be done. Parts may be ordered immediately or may be left till a time when it can be done for all the machines. To assist in ordering repairs a printed list of parts which is usually furnished by the manufacturer should be kept convenient. In ordering parts be explicit in giving the number and description of the part and date of purchase of the machine, so that little trouble will be experienced in securing those wanted.

A little time and trouble spent as suggested, and in keeping equipment at its highest efficiency, will be conducive to pride in the work it is hoped also that the embarrassing moments in which it cannot be recalled in what field or fence corner the cultivator or mower was left will be obviated.

**Blame Predatory Dogs.**—Farmers blame the predatory dogs for the decline of the sheep industry in many sections. A single night's raid may destroy the profits of an entire season. And yet what use are the predatory dogs that they should be spared?

**Cattle Shortage.**—The cattle shortage is an actual fact. As it takes at least two years to raise cattle fit for market, we may look for the shortage to last at least 24 months and perhaps longer.

**Economical Care.**—The young wife had given her husband a dance. "You've improved wonderfully, Jack," she said as they sat down. "Don't you remember how you used to tear my dress?" "Yes," he replied, "I wasn't buying them then."

**Love's Labor Lost.**—Boy: With a Grouch—Girl: What d'ye think! I sneaked over and crawled under that tent, 'sposin' it was a circus, an' when I got in I found it was a camp meetin'—Puck.

**Effective Background.**—"Do you think your audiences enjoy the statistics you quote in your speeches?" "No," replied Senator Gresham. "I just put 'em in to make the rest of my remarks seem more interesting by contrast."

**Still Hoping.**—"Pa, are you an optimist?" "Yes. I am still hoping to be able some time to attend a national convention at which no band will be permitted to play 'Dixie.'"

**He Knew.**—The owners of a certain farm had butter and eggs brought them daily by the daughter of the farm. A trained nurse had a case at the owner's home. One day the farmer's wife and daughter were discussing this, when the little boy, who had been listening, said: "Mama, if I go with you tomorrow will you show me the trained nurse?" The girl said she would, and the next day he accompanied her. The nurse came into the kitchen, said a few words to him, and went out. He ran home at once, and arrived breathless. "Mother," he cried, "the trained nurse is nothing but a girl!"—Harper's Bazar.

Charlotte J. Cipriani of the University of Paris says: "It may prove instructive to call attention to the fact that of the three oldest universities in Christian western Europe, Salerno, Bologna and Paris, two—Salerno and Bologna—were thrown open from their origin to women, both as students and professors. Nor did the women fail to take advantage of this opportunity."

**High-Handed Justice at the Canal.**—Mr. Duesen, characterizing Col. G. W. Goethals, emphasizes especially the big man's many-sidedness. Besides putting through the biggest engineering job in the world, he has been doing his years at Panama, a staunch fighter for the laws of economic decency.

Colonel Goethals is a fighter and he will fight a trust as readily as he will fight a labor union. Whole cargoes of tainted meat have been shipped back by the commissary, because the beef trusts' goods were not up to sample. Thousands of square yards of spreading were condemned and left unspread, as soon as it was discovered that the copper trust had put in so much iron that they were rapidly falling to pieces with rust. Colonel Goethals is determined that no contractors shall become rich by supplying the Panama canal with rotten-fodder and shoddy material, as so many did in the days of the De Lesseps company.

**World's Debt to Books.**—How safely we lay bare the poverty of human ignorance to books without feeling any shame. They are masters who instruct us without rod or ferule, without angry words, without clothes or money. If we come to them they are not asleep; if you ask and inquire of them they do not withdraw themselves; they do not chide you if you make mistakes; they do not laugh at you if you are ignorant.—Richard De Bur.

**Love Element in Writer's Lives.**—Alfred de Musset's love for irrepressible George Sand gave his thoughts such an extraordinary elevation that he wrote many brilliant poems in consequence. Chaucer sang the praises of many women, but his one great love was Philippa Picard de Rouet, the Lady-in-Waiting to Queen Anne of Bohemia. He waited nine years to marry her, but in all that a matter of complaint in several poems.

**The Downtrodden Farmer.**—An Ottawa man heard that a farmer wanted to sell a motor car. He sympathized with the poor farmer and his family because they were forced to part with the machine for financial reasons, he believed, and went out to the farm to buy it. The farmer was not at home, but his daughter was there. "I came out to buy your car," he said. "Which one?" asked the girl—Kansas City Star.

**Sight of the Color Blind.**—A color blind person sees light as either white or gray and dark lights appear either as dark gray or black. This mutual sensitiveness is due to the fact that the light nerves and color nerves are closely interwound, but there is a different set of nerves for both light and color, just as there are different sets of nerves for temperature and touch.

## For Itching Skins and Pimples Faces Try Resinol Free

If you suffer from eczema, salt rheum, ringworm, pimples and blackheads, or other distressing skin or scalp trouble, you should send at once for a generous free trial of Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment. These will prove to you how Resinol stops itching instantly and quickly clears away eruptions.

Sold by all druggists. For free sample write to Dept. Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.



## Used in Place of Bread

Varied Substitutes for the Staff of Life That Are Utilized by Many Peoples

In various parts of the world the poorer classes consume little or no bread. Baked loaves of bread are practically unknown in portions of southern Austria and Italy, and throughout the agricultural districts of Roumania.

Austrians aver that, in the village of Oberleithen, not very far from Vienna, bread is never seen. The staple food is sters, a kind of porridge made from ground buckwheat taken at breakfast with fresh or curdled milk; at dinner with broth or fried-lard, and at supper with milk. This dish is also called "haideln," and is substituted for bread not only in the Austrian district

mentioned, but in Carinthia and other parts of the Tyrol. Northern Italy affords a substitute for bread in the form of polenta, which is a kind of porridge made of the boiled grain. Polenta is not, however, allowed to "granulate" like Scotch porridge or the Austrian sters. It is instead boiled into a solid pudding, which is cut up and portioned out with a string. It is eaten cold as often as it is hot, and is in every sense many an Italian's daily bread. There is a variation of polenta called macalloni, the favorite food of the poorer classes in Romagna. Macalloni resembles polenta inasmuch as it is made of boiled grain, but it is unlike the former in one respect—the grains are not permitted to settle into a solid mass, but are kept distinct after the fashion of oatmeal porridge. A woman is sometimes fugitive, irrational, indeterminate, blornt and contradictory. A great deal of forbearance ought to be shown her.—Henri Frederic Amiel.



## Crawford Avalanche.

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......75  
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 1.

Our sense of the value of the family needs to be revived and roused. The family, the great institution of paradise, the scene of purest love, the nursery of infancy, and the stimulus and shelter of all the virtues. Each man and woman has a duty to this end. A homeless civilization is sure to be a satanic one; the vices will flourish and the virtues be nipped by untimely frost. Back of the good man must needs be the good household. Here and there may be a saint and an apostle, even from the dens of vice; but unless the den be reformed, a miracle can only insure the safety of the new convert. In the future, as in the past, the solid and reliable men and women, the leaders in business and society, will be found in the quiet and holy homes of the land.

### Nomination Petitions.

Up to July 27th, the time limited by law, the following nomination petitions have been filed at the county clerk's office, to wit:

### REPUBLICANS.

For Judge of Probate—Peter Aebli, Grayling; George Mahon, Grayling; Wellington Batterson, Frederic.  
For Sheriff—Homer G. Benedict, of Beaver Creek.  
For County Clerk—John Niederer, Grayling.  
For County Treasurer—John Hanna, Beaver Creek.  
For Register of Deeds—Allen B. Failing, Grayling.

For Pros. Attorney—O. Palmer, and F. G. Walton, Grayling.  
For Circuit Court Commissioner—O. Palmer, Grayling.  
For Co. Surveyor—B. S. Houghton, Lovells.

For Coroners—Stanley N. Insley, Grayling; John C. McDonnell, Frederic.

### DEMOCRATS.

For Judge of Probate—Wright Hatching, Grayling.  
For Sheriff—Charles Amidon, Grayling.

For County Clerk—Andrew Hart, Grayling.  
For Co. Treasurer—John F. Hum, Grayling.

For Register of Deeds—J. Floeter, South Branch.  
For Coroners—Joseph J. Koyce, of South Branch; Henry Feldhauser, of Grayling.  
Dated this 29th day of July 1912.

JOHN J. NIEDERER.

County Clerk.

### Political Notice.

I am a believer in the progressive movement and as such have urged that the proper thing to do was to purge the republican party of power that is now in control. I am satisfied that a large majority of the republicans of Michigan are believers in the progressive party and would vote for progressive candidates if given an opportunity.

I went to two meetings of progressives at Lansing and urged upon those present the wisdom of ignoring the national convention at Chicago and attempting to nominate Roosevelt electors in Michigan as the republican candidates for electors, for I believe that the nomination was unfairly stolen from Mr. Roosevelt by the powers that controlled the Chicago convention.

The men who have been taking part in the progressive movement in this state believed that it would be better to put a third ticket in the field and as I thoroughly believed in the platform adopted at the Jackson convention I cannot consistently seek the republican nomination now. Moreover, with the republican national committee as at present constituted it would be impossible to change conditions four years from now. That committee could again do what it did this year and there would have been no advance made.

I cannot support the democratic platform, for I do not believe in its tariff. I am convinced that not only large numbers of republicans but also a great many democrats and members of other parties are with this progressive movement and will vote the progressive ticket this fall because they believe in the ideals of the new party. I have every reason to believe that I would have received the republican nomination in this district. Everything was looking favorable, but as I have already said, believing as I do, I could not consistently accept that nomination and I am a candidate for the nomination on the national progressive ticket and on no other.

ROY O. WOODRUFF.

### Notice to Parties Running Traction Engines.

All parties running traction engines must comply with the law and drive their engines with a screen over smoke stack while on the road. By order of Fire Warden.

FRANCIS O. PACK,

Fire Warden.

I was cured of diarrhoea by one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Writes M. E. Gehart, Orlino, Pa. There is nothing better. For sale by all dealers.

## Correspondence.

### Lovells Locals.

Mrs. Charles Morrow entertained Mrs. Burke on Sunday last.

W. S. Brown made a business trip to Frederic on Monday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Goshorn spent Sunday last in Frederic, returning on Monday.

Lovells Township it about to construct one mile of State Road near Jones Lake.

"The Underhill" is filled to its utmost capacity with resorters who are enjoying trout fishing.

Miss Batterson who visited F. Goshorn and family during the past week returned to her home at Frederic.

E. S. Houghton spent Saturday and Sunday in Grayling on business and incidentally enjoying the ball games.

Mr. and Mrs. Arnold of Chicago are spending several days at what is known as the Buck farm, but which they now own.

Mrs. Wm. Marsh is quite ill as the result of the nervous strain and the work in carrying for her son Robert of late. We hope to hear of an improvement in her condition soon.

Emmit Pierce spent Sunday in West Branch. He was accompanied home on Monday by Mrs. Pierce, who has enjoyed a very pleasant four weeks stay in Ohio, Saginaw, Pinconning and West Branch.

Six members of the Salvation Army of Gaylord were in this village on Wednesday and Thursday last and their meetings were enjoyed by all who attended and we hope they were well rewarded financially.

We are pleased to note that Robert Marsh is sufficiently recovered from his recent severe illness as to be walking around again, although his face shows intense suffering. We hope for a steady improvement in his condition.

Mrs. H. E. Slingerland and daughters who left for their annual outing about two weeks ago have visited relatives in Saginaw, St. Charles, Brant and are now enjoying themselves in several places in Isosco county.

### Beaver Creek Breezes.

Wm. Raymond left last week for Oregon.

Miss Elsie Mortensen is home for a week's vacation.

W. W. Hart, of Owosso, is spending a few weeks with Mr. John Hanna.

Peter Mortenson, of Flint, is visiting his uncle at Beech Forest farm.

Mr. Hans Christensen is spending a few days with his family on the farm.

The dance given at the Hatch place by Wm. and Lewis Cook, was well attended, and all reported a good time.

James Burton left Monday for Hopeston, Ill., where he will spend some weeks, going from there to visit his brother in Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Rousaples, of Chicago, have been spending the past week with Mrs. Rousaples' mother, Mrs. John Hanna.

Mr. Fulk, who recently purchased the W. Raymond place, opposite the school house, has taken possession, and is now occupying the place with his family.

### AuSable Valley Breezes.

Rev. Kirkpatrick has been on the sick list the last week.

Mr. Wm. of Detroit is taking a trip down the AuSable River.

Father Savage of Detroit is down the river fishing, at his cottage.

The dance at the Riverside farm was well attended and had a good time.

Miss Verina Biggs is visiting the Misses Flora and Henrietta Stephan.

Mrs. Payson, Mrs. Steel and a number of friends are at their summer home at Scribble Inn.

Joe Pyn and Geo. Menth are at camp Chicago with two gentlemen friends, enjoying trout fishing.

Will Christenson joined the Wild party today. He will meet a gentleman at Grayling and they will float down the stream until they overtake the rest.

### Church Notes.

M. E. Church. Public service subject, "The Fifth Petition of the Lord's Prayer." Epworth League subject, "Jesus assumes His Lifework." Leader, Mrs. Ivey. Public service subject, "The Sixth Petition of the Lord's Prayer."

JAMES IVRY,

Pastor.

Presbyterian church, morning theme, "The Mystic Temple, or the House Beautiful." Christian Endeavor Topic, "The Christian Virtue: Temperance." Evening sermon theme, "The Secret Place of the Most High: A Divine Fraternity."

J. H. FLEMING,

Pastor.

Mr. W. S. Gunasins, Pa., says he has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for fourteen years, and that he has found it to be an excellent remedy, and takes pleasure in recommending it. For sale by all dealers.

## GRAYLING DEFEATS NATIONALS SATURDAY.

And Lost Sunday's Game in a Comedy of Errors.

(Continued from first page.)

Struck out by Spencer 13, Goodrow 6, Mueller 1.  
Passed on balls, Goodrow 2.  
Wild pitch, Goodrow 1.  
Three base hits, Mellstrup 1, Bibbins 1.

Two base hits, Johnson 1, Mooney 1.  
Left on bases, Grayling 9, Nationals 6.

Following is a tabulated report of Sunday's game:

Grayling	AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
Hodge 2 b.	4	1	2	0	2	0	
Laurent s.	4	1	2	1	0	2	
Johnson p.	2	0	0	1	3	0	
Woodburn 3 b.	2	0	1	4	3	0	
Green r f.	3	0	1	1	0	1	
Mellstrup 1 f.	3	0	0	2	1	0	
Bibbins c.	2	0	0	6	3	0	
Lestkus c f.	3	0	1	0	1	0	
Spencer 1 b.	2	1	1	6	0	1	
Total.	25	3	8	21	11	4	

Nationals.

Nationals	AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
Chilton 3 b	4	2	2	0	3	2	
Ray 2 b	2	1	1	0	2	1	
Mooney c f	4	1	3	0	0	0	
Goodrow s	3	1	0	0	0	0	
Gillespie c	4	0	1	7	1	0	
Haas 1 f	3	1	1	1	0	0	
Deales 1 b	4	2	3	8	1	0	
Fulton r f	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Mueller p	3	2	2	2	3	0	
Schaffer r f	3	0	0	0	0	0	

Struck out by Johnson 3.

Hit by Johnson, Ray 2.

Struck out by Mueller 5.

Hit by Mueller, Bibbins.

Passed on balls, Mueller 1.

Two base hits, Laurent 2, Chilton 1.

Mooney 1, Beals 1, Mueller 2.

Left on bases, Grayling 8, Nationals 5.

### Additional Local News.

Dr. and Mrs. Arnold, of Chicago, were Grayling visitors last week.

For Sale—80 acres, two miles north of Grayling at a low price. Enquire at Avalanche Office.

A. B. Fulk, of Wicketaw, Kan., purchased the farm of Will Raymond, at Wellington, last week. Mr. Fulk hadn't intended to buy a farm in Michigan when he came here, but the Raymond farm looked good to him and he bought it, taking immediate possession. We are glad to welcome Mr. and Mrs. Fulk to our county.

Prof. C. B. Smith who is in charge of Field Studies and Demonstrations in the office of Farm Management, Department of Agriculture at Washington, writes that the prospects for the Development Bureau to secure an agricultural assistant and investigator for the entire district covered by the Northwestern Development Bureau are brighter. Prof. Smith is thoroughly familiar with our conditions and while of course it was the intention that these agriculturists would be in a territory not larger than a county yet the arguments presented by the Development Bureau appeared to be worthy of consideration in this case.

The best thing Bay View ever did was to establish this Country Life Conference, declares a progressive Illinois farmer who is spending his summer here. It is the fourth in a series of great conferences that have been drawing audiences running into hundreds. The dates, August 10, 11, and 12, were chosen so as to come when the strenuous work on the farms will be nearly over and the farmer and his "best girl" and all the children can afford to take a well-earned vacation just like other people. Bay View will keep open house on these days and receive Northern Michigan farmers with a liberal hand. Those within driving distance will have their teams cared for in a safe place and those who desire to join in a picnic will find special conveniences, while those who desire to stay through will be helped in finding rooms and table board at a dollar and a quarter a day. It may not be a common practice for our farmer reader to take such a vacation, but you owe yourself such a treat, and by all means go.

### South Side.

Miss Hattie Pease has been quite sick but is better at this writing.

Mrs. Grant Shellenbarger returned home Monday, after a week's stay in Detroit.

Little Miss Hazel St. John returned home Monday from a visit with relatives near Standish.

Mrs. Rob't Geokay and baby of Bay City are visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jennings.

Eugene Potter, wife and daughter, Mrs. W. Van Amburg and two children are camping at Beaver Creek picking raspberries.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Van Amburg returned home Monday from Alger, where they have been visiting Mrs. Van Amburg's parents.

Mrs. Preston returned to her home in Mason. She has been visiting here several weeks and helping to care for her sister, Mrs. Bert Chappel.

Charles Deany and a party of friends left last week for a fishing trip down the river to AuSable. They intend to be gone about two weeks.

F. O. Lawson of Pontiac was visiting his sister one day last week. He

was on his way north where he expects to buy cattle and ship to the southern part of the state.

Frank Bondle, of Iron River, Wis., cousin is visiting with Mrs. Frank Alexander and other relatives. Mr. Bondle is in very poor health and came here for treatment and change of climate. He was formerly a resident of Grayling but left here several years ago. His friends here wish him a speedy recovery.

Mrs. No.

### Practical Fashions.

GIRL'S SAILOR OR MIDDY DRESS.



5674

The popular sailor dress is one of the most charming styles ever devised for the small girl. The model illustrated here has the regulation blouse with large sailor collar, effectively trimmed with braid. The usual plaid skirt is employed with the front center box-pleat in panel effect and an inverted box-pleat at the back. It is attached to an under waist to which the yoke and standing collar are also attached. Suggests a good suggestion for a design of this character, though and of the appropriate wash materials may be utilized in advantage.

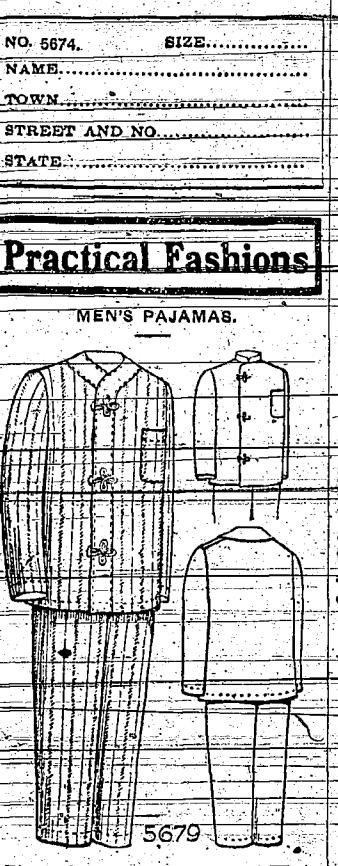
The pattern (5674) is cut in sizes from 6 to 12 years. To make the dress in the medium size will require 3 1/2 yards of 36 inch material and 1/4 yards of braid to trim, as pictured.

To procure this pattern send 5 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 5674. SIZE.....  
NAME.....  
TOWN.....  
STREET AND NO.....  
STATE.....

### Practical Fashions.

MEN'S PAJAMAS.



5679

The pajamas here shown are comfortable and good looking. The coat has high neck with standing or rolling collar or it may have low neck with stole band. Around the neck and down the front is a trimming of contrasting material. Braided fasteners make a pretty finish.

The pattern (5679) is cut in sizes from 34 to 42 inch, breast measure. To make the pajamas in the medium size will require 5 1/2 yards of 36 inch material. Flannelette is a good suggestion.

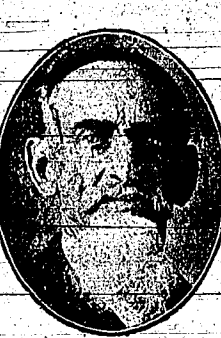
To procure this pattern send 5 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 5679. SIZE.....  
NAME.....  
TOWN.....  
STREET AND NO.....  
STATE.....

Muslim Women Awakening.  
Now it is the Muslim women of Egypt who are taking part in the woman movement, having asked of the Muslim congress the right to attend prayers and sermons in the mosque, a privilege already granted to the women of Constantinople. They also ask that the primary education of young women be made obligatory; that young girls be admitted to schools of medicine; to use means to prevent polygamy and the abuse of divorce and to teach Mohammedan girls sewing, housekeeping and hygiene.

Her Growing Glory.  
Yeast—Did your wife get any time on that new hat of hers?  
Crimsonbeak—No, but it looks as if she'd got about everything else on it!

For Judge of Probate.



J. LEE MORFORD

OF OTSEGO COUNTY

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

REPRESENTATIVE

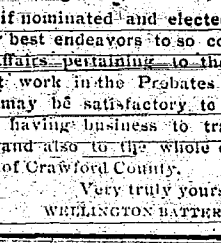
PRESQUE ISLE DISTRICT

Second Term

Solicits the support of all Republicans at the Primary election, August 27, 1912.

Very truly yours,

WELLINGTON BATTESON.



J. LEE MORFORD

OF OTSEGO COUNTY

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

REPRESENTATIVE

PRESQUE ISLE DISTRICT

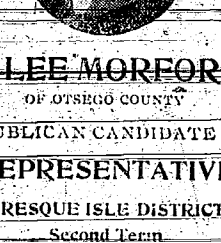
Second Term

Solicits the support of all Republicans at the Primary election, August 27, 1912.

Very truly yours,

WELLINGTON BATTESON.

For Treasurer



JOHN HANNA

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

REPRESENTATIVE

PRESQUE ISLE DISTRICT

Second Term

Solicits the support of all Republicans at the Primary election, August 27, 1912.

Very truly yours,

WELLINGTON BATTESON.

For Treasurer



F. G. WALTON

Candidate for

Renomination and Election

for 2nd term as

Prosecuting Attorney

Republican Party

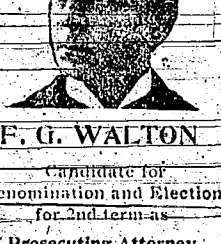
Crawford County.

Solicits the support of all Republicans at the Primary election, August 27, 1912.

Very truly yours,

WELLINGTON BATTESON.

For Treasurer



GEORGE MAHON

Candidate for Nomination for

PROBATE JUDGE

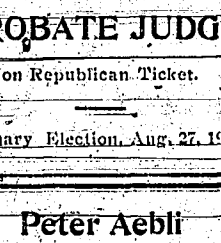
on Republican Ticket.

Primary Election, Aug. 27, 1912.

Very truly yours,

WELLINGTON BATTESON.

For Treasurer



Peter Aebli

Candidate for the nomination of

JUDGE OF PROBATE

on the Republican Ticket at the

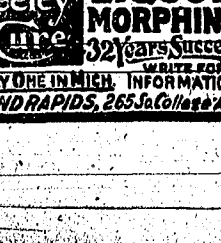
August Primaries

Your support respectfully solicited.

Very truly yours,

WELLINGTON BATTESON.

For Treasurer



## 1878. 1912. The Pioneer Store

FIRST CLASS GOODS!  
RIGHT PRICES!

Always our Motto.

We are headquarters for  
Groceries & Provisions

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS

SHOES, HARDWARE

FLOUR, FEED

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.

WELL DRESSED MEN

Most Thoroughly Appreciate

M. WILE & COMPANY'S

"CLOTHES OF QUALITY"

FOR MEN.

Today you must have your new Spring suit or top coat. You want the smartest clothes you can buy, and want them to fit so perfectly that you can wear them away, or have them sent home the same day. That means

"CLOTHES OF QUALITY"

FOR MEN.

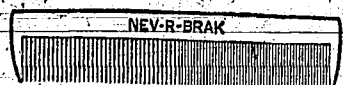
For several reasons: First because of the wonderful tailoring that makes our clothing fit normal men of all figures often without alterations, and practically with only small alterations that can be done in a moment after getting your order. Then the now famous Harvard sack coat without padding is so skillfully tailored that it sets perfectly on the shoulders of man just as if it was cut for him.

Sack Suits \$12.00---\$15.00---\$16.50---\$20---\$25

Men's Special Sack Suits - - - - \$18.50

Handsome new





## This is the Comb to buy

WE GUARANTEE EVERY COMB. WE HAVE THEM IN ALL THE DIFFERENT STYLES, WILL BE GLAD TO SHOW YOU. CALL IN AND SEE US.

A. M. LEWIS & CO.

### Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 1

#### Local and Neighborhood News.

Miss Mary Cassidy is visiting relatives in Cheboygan this week.

Close outs in Alabaster. 30 cents per package at Sorenson's Furniture Store.

Mrs. Luc Kessler of Cheboygan visited her brother, Thos. Cassidy a few days last week.

A second hand couch, just what you want for your cottage at the lake. Only \$2.00. Sorenson's Furniture Store.

Do not fail to read C. J. Hathaway's interesting advertisement pertaining to Cross-eye (Squint) on first page of this paper.

For Sale—48 acres on Portage Lake. Over 80 rods of lake front. A fine location for a summer resort. Inquire of J. J. Collier. 7-25-2w

Very special for Friday and Saturday of this week. Milk or water jugs, four different styles, 10 cents each. Sorenson's Furniture Store.

Mrs. John Evgis has been ill for some time but is slowly improving. She was able to be down town Monday for the first time in four months.

County Teacher's Examination will be held in the Court House, at Grayling, August 10-12, 1912.

ALBERTA IRVING, Commissioner.

The Rev. E. W. Frazee, a former pastor of the M. E. Church of Grayling, filed the pulpit with great acceptability last Sunday evening. Come again.

Bound—A ring Monday afternoon on Maple street. Owner may have same by applying at this office and proving property and paying for this notice.

Mr. and Mrs. Lemke of Green Bay, Wis., and Miss Anna Laking of Milwaukee are visiting at the H. R. Nelson home, also spending a week at Portage Lake.

The tax roll for the village of Grayling is now in the hands of Treasurer M. Hanson for collection and tax payers are requested to call there for the payment of taxes. 7-111f

Farm for Sale—The old plant site of the Crown Chemical Co., consisting of 60 acres, house, barn and small buildings. Price \$800. Inquire of K. Haulter, Box 28, Algonic, Mich.

Lost—Sunday, July 28, a jewel case containing rings and other jewelry on road between Beaver Creek and Grayling. \$100 reward offered.

R. K. DIERCK, Roscommon.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Charron of Maple Forest were in Grayling Tuesday attending court. Mrs. Charron has property in Muskegon and intends to go there soon in interest of her real estate.

Miss Edith McPhee expects to return to Grayling about September 1st, and anyone wishing to take music lessons may make arrangements with Mr. Lewis at Lewis & Co's drug store. 7-125-2v

E. F. Hardy, has purchased the gift fit and business of Hugh Oaks, and is now prepared to handle all work in painting and decorating. He will make a specialty of paper hanging, guaranteeing good work. Prices reasonable. 7-25-1f

From the showing made by the census bureau, it seems as if everyone in the land had been talking Dr. Wiley's advice to eat an orange or an apple for breakfast. The fruit production of the country has jumped during the last decade by the tens of millions of dollars.

The railroad extension work of the Boyne City, Gaylord & Alpena railroad is making good progress to the east of Gaylord. The work is somewhat hampered, however, because of the lack of sufficient men as the company would like to put on a much larger force than it has been able to secure.

The cyclone that swept through Gladwin early Sunday night caused a property loss of close on to \$250,000, according to reports after a canvass of the storm zone. The cyclone whirled through the county from the southeast, sweeping a course two miles wide and from ten to twelve miles long.

Mrs. J. S. Harrington is representing the Brown Marble and Granite Monument Co., here, and would be pleased to show a fine assortment of designs to anyone wishing to purchase something in this line. Several fine monuments have been placed in Elmwood Cemetery from this firm this season. 7-25-4w

F. H. Milks has a fine new delivery wagon.

Mrs. N. C. Reagan and family have moved to Bay City.

For first class auto service call on Olson's Auto Livery.

W. Jensen has added two more men to his crew of workmen.

Thos. Cassidy made a business trip to Grand Rapids the latter part of last week.

Miss Lottie Sina has gone to Midland to spend a few weeks with her mother.

Chas. Abbott returned Friday from a short vacation, spent at his old home in Newberry.

Mr. and Mrs. Pelea McNevin left last week for Petoskey, to visit Mrs. McNevin's parents.

Wm. Palmer, brother of Dr. Palmer is ill at the home of the latter. He is confined to his bed.

Mrs. J. H. Fleming and son left on Wednesday of this week for their future home in Alton.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lamb, of Bay City, were over Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lamb.

Miss Josephine Schumann of Hastings is the guest of her brother, O. P. Schumann and family.

Mrs. R. L. Forsyth and daughter Marion, of San Francisco, are visiting Mrs. J. H. Lamb of this city.

A first class Durham milch cow for sale at a bargain. Will be four years old next spring. Inquire at this office.

Miss Frances Smith, of Saginaw, returned to that city Saturday, accompanied by her niece, Miss Alice Bruik.

Axel Nelson has been spending a few days of his vacation here. He returned to his home in Saginaw Monday.

You will find a complete new set of post-card views of Portage Lake and the Anishinabe river on sale at Woodward's Studio. 8-1-2w

Taylor-made garments in all the latest styles at moderate prices. Guaranteed fit and workmanship. 7-16mo. A. E. Hendrickson.

Miss Jennie Anderson has been spending her vacation with her parents, near Cadillac. She returned to her duties at the bank, Tuesday.

We would like to receive your orders for hard coal if you want to be sure of getting a supply for next winter. Coal is scarce; order at once. 8-11f SALLING HANSON CO.

Last Thursday evening, just before prayer meeting, a delegation of the Ladies' Union called upon Mrs. Fleming at her home and presented her with a beautiful handpainted cake plate as a gift of appreciation.

Dr. Collins, district superintendent of the Synodical district of the M. E. church, held the last quarterly conference here Tuesday evening. This is Mr. Collins' last visit as superintendent, as his term expires with this year.

Clayton A. Whitney, Jr., was born July 10th at Mercy Hospital. It is needless to say that the professor and Mrs. Whitney are happy over this their first born baby. The mother and little one are getting along finely, and expect to go home soon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Bruik and daughter Alice, and Miss Francis Smith returned Friday from a very pleasant trip, starting from Indian River, going by water to Cheboygan via Indian river, Mullet lake, Cheboygan river. They also went to Mackinaw City.

The Grayling Machinery Repair Co. is gradually extending their line of business, and has added to its supply of auto accessories a line of Fairbank Morse engines. They also sell complete lighting plants for rural homes or places not provided with electric lighting.

It seemed good to see "Tom" Stephens among the Grayling rooters at last Sunday's ball game. That is where he belongs. Mr. Stephens is one of the best base ball fans in Michigan, as well as a good business man. He is a most welcome visitor in Grayling at any time. Come often.

Last Wednesday evening, at the home of Miss Anna Fisher, the H. & H. W. girls of the Presbyterian S. S. held their last meeting for the summer. When the company were invited into the dining room it was evident that it was a real surprise for Mrs. Fleming the teacher. A very dainty lunch was enjoyed by all, and Mrs. Fleming was presented with a set of beautiful orange spoons. Mrs. Fleming remarked that one important feature of the surprise was that the girls did all the cooking themselves.

Base ball Saturday and Sunday, Grayling vs. St. Charles.

N. P. Olson is building a nice residence on Ottawa street.

Special embroidery sale at the 5 and 10 cent store next Saturday.

Place your orders in advance for auto service at Olson's Auto Livery.

New and second hand single and double buggies for sale.

GEO. LANGEVIN.

For Rent—Rooms for office purposes, or for rooming, over Peterson's jewelry store. Enquire of T. Bosson. 8-1-1f

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hanson started Tuesday on a vacation, and will spend the time with friends in Detroit and Toledo.

After having spent some time visiting friends in this city, Mrs. E. A. Kiefer returned to her home in Bay City, Saturday.

Mrs. E. D. Smith and two children of Bay City returned home Monday after a pleasant visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Del Smith.

Mrs. O. W. Roeser and son Waldemar, spent last week at Wa Wa Soo, guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Austin, who have a cottage there.

Fred Narrin and family spent last week visiting relatives near Holly. Mr. Narrin has returned but the others will remain some time longer.

Mrs. C. F. Kelley, of Frederic, will conduct an auction sale next Tuesday, Aug. 6, beginning at 1:00 p. m. in front of the Kelley & Quigby store, of that place.

The Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Simpson on Friday afternoon, August 2. Members are requested to be present. Ladies of the congregation also invited.

A sewer is being built in the alley connecting Ar Kraus & Sons, McCullough's hardware shop, Mr. Simpson's grocery store, post office and H. Peterson's grocery.

The household goods of Rev. J. Humphrey Fleming have been shipped to Alma. Mrs. Fleming and son left this week but Mr. Fleming will remain until some time in October.

A dandy baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Mike Ikemmer, yesterday morning about 8:00 o'clock. Mike says that this is just what he wanted—a girl. Congratulations. Mother and baby are doing nicely.

This week this office printed a neat four-page bill of fare for Dawson's restaurant. Mr. Dawson is a hustler and has a list of good things to eat that almost tempt anyone. His place of business is open day and night.

Mrs. A. M. Lewis returned Tuesday from Newberry, where she has been for some time visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. A. N. Campbell. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Eugene Mullen, of California, also Miss Gladys Campbell, of Kalamazoo, who will remain for a few days in our city.

About thirty members of our Masonic fraternity went to West Branch, Tuesday, and crossed bats with the Masons of that city. Woodburn pitched for Grayling but had to be "pulled" and Al Treat Olson finished the game. He pitched a kind of "satiff" especially high balls that they couldn't reach. There was plenty of work on the trestle board for Grayling and they entertained West Branch to the queen's taste. The balls flew out into the field like shots from a rattling gun. But when Grayling came to bat, try their damnest, they couldn't obtain a passage. We were "licked" 15 to 1. But in the evening we work the third degree on them in great style. West Branch outdid herself in entertaining and gave us a royal good time. We trust that their visit here will be as pleasant for them as ours was Tuesday and the score be reversed.

Nemesius Nielsen, of Beaver Creek has painted a life size portrait of Dr. O. Palmer and it has fittingly been hung in the court room at the court house. Judge Sharpe pronounces it a splendid piece of work. Several months ago Mr. Nielsen came to Mr. Palmer's office and seeing a picture of the doctor he asked permission to have it, stating that he wished to show it to some friend. He immediately went to work and for three months labored diligently to reproduce the likeness upon canvass and the results are a great revelation to the people of this city, for few, if any around here even know that Mr. Nielsen was an artist. We wish to congratulate Mr. Nielsen upon his remarkable success in this picture and upon his selection of a subject, for the doctor is one of the best known men in northern Michigan.

Mutsuhito, for 44 years emperor of Japan, died at 12:43 Tuesday morning. Yoshihito, Haru-No-Miya, reigns under the formula provided by the constitution, promulgated by Mutsuhito, "the king is dead; long live the king." Mutsuhito who was the 121st emperor of Japan passed gently away. He had been unconscious for many hours prior to his death and the empress, the crown prince and the most prominent officials of the household and the government were at his bedside. Haruto, now dowager empress, yields to Princess Sadako, the young empress, who is mother of three children. Everything known to science was done to prolong the life of the sovereign. The whole nation watched pathetically because the death of the emperor would establish a new record in the history of Japan, and the people clung most fiercely to the tradition which the dying monarch appeared indissolubly linked.

Mr. P. A. Holliday has gone to Chesaning on business.

Mrs. Guy Blade is entertaining her sister-in-law, Mrs. Anderson of Ewen.

I am prepared to do your bean and grain thrashing. First class service. Oscar E. Charron, Frederic.

Mrs. Scott Loader and children left this morning for Greenville and other cities in southern Michigan to spend about three weeks vacation.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Peterson was the scene of a very pretty wedding last evening when their daughter Nora was united in marriage to Mr. Clarence Claggett of Johannesburg. At 8 o'clock, to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding march, played by Miss Ruby Claggett, the bride and groom, with the bridesmaid and bridegroom, Miss Clara Peterson and Mr. Earl Dawson, with Elsie Claggett as ring bearer, stepped beneath a beautiful bower of pink and white sweet peas and asparagus green and became man and wife, Rev. Fleming officiating. The bride was gown in cream crepe de chene over cream mesaline and carried a shower bouquet of sweet peas and green. And the bridesmaid was dressed in pale blue mesaline. All the rooms were beautifully decorated in pink and white sweet peas. The dining room being especially pretty. Over the bride's table hung a large bell of sweet peas from which pink and white ribbons were festooned to the corners of the table. The bride who is very popular among her set has for some time been a successful teacher in the Johannesburg schools, and the groom who is a former Grayling boy, is running a farm near Johannesburg where the couple will reside. Mr. and Mrs. Claggett were the recipients of many beautiful gifts in cut glass, silver and china. The couple left on the mid-night train for Detroit and other points. The Avalanche joins with their many friends in wishing them many years of happiness together.

Additional local news on opposite page.

#### Circuit Court Doings.

St. Helens Development Co. vs. Hubbard Head, bill of complaint, decree in favor of complainant.

Baptiste Davis vs. Theodore Jendrow, bill of complaint, decree that complainant and defendant should share each alike in the property involved.

Sarah J. Malco vs. John J. Malco; bill for separate maintenance; settled out of court.

Mary Flagg vs. David Flagg; divorce, decree granted.

### One Loaf makes a Customer.....

IT IS TRUE that in most every instance when we sell a loaf of bread to one who has not tried it before, we make a new customer. Model Bread is all quality, and is always uniform, it is a genuine Home Made Loaf, pure and wholesome, and as good as it possible to make bread every day in the year. Try it.

### MODEL BAKERY

Job Printing at this Office

## Peaches!

From present indications the Michigan Peach Crop will be a partial failure. We will be able to fill orders for Texas and Oklahoma Elberta peaches this week at a very reasonable price. Buy now and be sure.

### BRINK'S GROCERY

Where QUALITY, weight and measure are Guaranteed.

## THE BEST SELECTION OF SUMMER WEARABLES IS FOUND AT OUR STORE

Everything Bright and New No Shelf-Worn Stock

Our store stands ready to serve you with whatever you may need in summer wearables. Warm weather means cooler clothes. Our constant effort has been—and is—to give you the opportunity to buy here the very best of up-to-date merchandise; to give greater value than any one else.

Men's Suits	Our Ladies' and Children's Department
Elegant Summer Suits, all the new shades and styles, at \$8.00 to 25.00	can fill your wants in Summer Underwear, Lawn Waists, Dresses, Skirts, Corsets.
Cool Straw Hats, all shapes and styles, at 50c and up to \$3.50	Summer White Goods, Lawns and Gingham—we show you the biggest selection in town.
New Shirts at 50c to \$2.00	The celebrated Star Brand Shoes and Oxfords for Ladies and Children. They're Best and Cheapest
New Half Hose 10c to 50c	
New Neckwear 25c to 50c	
New Underwear 25c to 1.00	
Shoes and Oxfords to fit any feet and purse.	

Come to this store for everything you may need. We can save you money, and give you better values and bigger selection.

## GRAYLING MERCANTILE COMPANY

The Quality Store

## Milk's Market....

Everything that's found in a first-class Market

Clean and sanitary. First Class Meats, that are tender and appetizing

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS

## BROWNIE

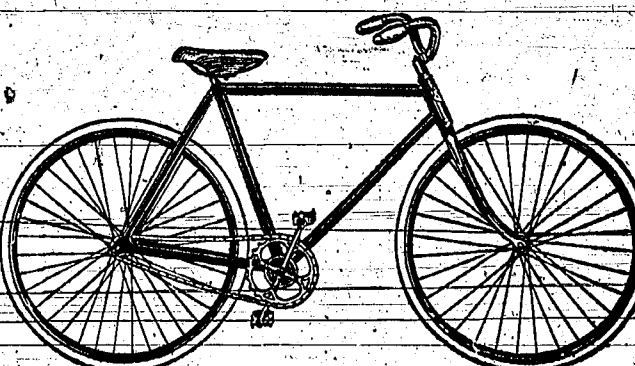


Your boys and girls can have good fun with a

## Brownie Camera

So simple a child can easily learn to use it—so efficient it will take pictures you will prize. Come in and let us show you Brownies from \$1.00 to \$12.00.

## Sorenson Brothers



RIDE A GOOD BIKE

Coaster Break FREE for Balance of season.

AVALANCHE OFFICE

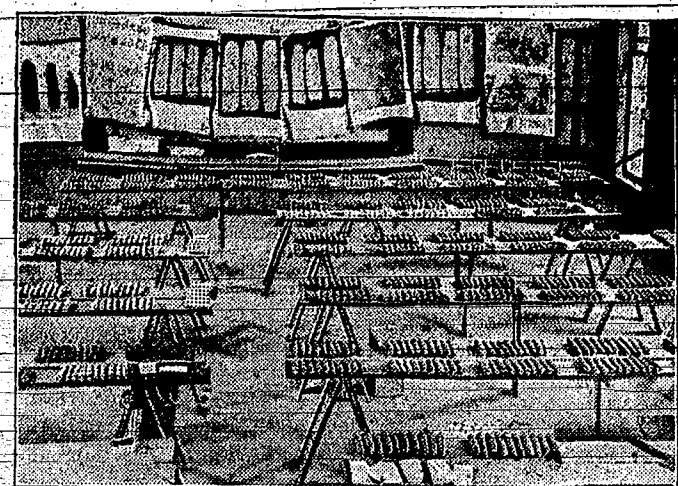






## SELECTION OF SEED FOR NEXT YEAR'S CORN CROP IMPORTANT

Always Best to Use Varieties Adapted to Soil and Climate in Which They are to be Grown—Farmer Should Never Go Far From Home if It Can Possibly be Avoided.



Excellent Samples of Seed.

(By S. M. MILLER.)

In growing corn for seed the farmer must first find the variety best adapted to his needs and then work to bring it as near perfection as possible. It is always best to select the varieties grown on soil and in the climate where the seed is to be improved, because the corn plant is peculiarly sensitive to its surroundings.

Corn that grows well on certain soils will often, if transplanted to other soils prove a failure, and the reverse is true. That is to say, corn which shows up badly on certain soils may develop to perfection on other soils that are rightly adapted to its needs.

This is a very important factor in the selection of seed, and the breeder should never go far from home for his seed if he can possibly obtain good corn that has been grown on soil and in the climate in which he expects to conduct his breeding operation.

If he must send away for his seed, however, he should select it from that locality which nearest approaches his own, both as to soil and climate.

A great deal of poor seed-corn results from a lack of care in the harvesting and storing. It should be allowed to mature thoroughly before being picked, as the immature corn does not obtain all the phosphorus intended for it, consequently its vitality is weakened.

Immature corn is hard to keep, as it is liable to sprout and unless there is good circulation of air it will become heated and moldy. Seed-corn should always be selected from the field and never from the load at the crib.

Selecting seed at the time of general harvest is objectionable, because many times the work is done late in the season and in a hurry, and the care of seed-corn is apt to be neglected.

The stalks from which seed-corn is selected should be of medium size, strong at the base, tapering gradually to the tassel, and should have large leaf-development as the leaf is the laboratory of the plant. The stalk should also stand erect and be free from smut or insect attack.

Never select from stalks with suckers. Ears, to be of good size and quality, should have straight rows of regularly-sized kernels and which more nearly represent the type desired. These ears should be at a convenient height of 4 1/2 to 5 feet on the stalks, and should be attached to the stalk by a shank medium in length and strength.

The ear when matured should break over and hang from the tip downward. Ears in an upright position are objectionable because they are more or less subjected to the rains and hot sun, which injure the vitality.

Some experiments show that seed from ears high on the stalk and in an upright position, yield almost 10 bushels less per acre than seed from ears hanging in the natural position.

Ears growing high on the stalk and in an upright position, when planted, give stalks, a very high per cent. of which bear ears in a similar manner. The first month after it has been picked is the most critical time in the handling of seed-corn. As it contains a large amount of moisture at that time, it must be stored in a dry, well-ventilated place, and in such a way that each ear will be exposed to a free circulation of air. Seed-corn should always be stored in the ear, but never in barrels, boxes, or sacks, or above large quantities of grain.

There are many ways of preserving seed-corn, as by striking the husks on sharp nails driven through a board, tying ears together in pairs and hanging them over a wire, or by laying them on racks. Any method that will

provide a free circulation of air is desirable.

The corn should be thoroughly dried and protected throughout the winter from all sudden or extreme changes of temperature or humidity. It must never be allowed to freeze before it is thoroughly dry, as its fertility will be affected.

Probably the best place to store seed-corn is in the attic. Experiments conducted by Professor Holden, at the Iowa station, show that where seed was stored in more than forty different ways the attic proved to be the best place.

The next best place is in a cellar where the furnace is placed. The average cellar is too damp and the seed-corn never dries out thoroughly.

Seed-corn hung up on wires or strings under an open shed or in a dry barn, keeps fairly well, but even there, experience shows that much seed-corn is either killed or weakened.

Corn Grains in Cross Sections, Showing Proportions of Starch, Gluten, etc.

because the seed gathered moisture during warm, damp spells, and then was injured by cold weather which froze it later.

Sometimes corn will sprout all right in the spring, but that is no sign that it was a vitality to grow well. Much seed may have been so weakened that if the season is cold, or the seed is planted too deep, it will only give weak stalks, and never attain its proper growth or vigor.

In selecting seed-corn it is important that more is involved than merely looking at the ears. The kernels must be studied. By shelling off a portion of the ear from tip to butt a perfect ear will show the kernels close together where they are joined to the cob, of uniform size and shape, compact and attractive in appearance.

Partial Soiling. Partial soiling may be practiced to good advantage on dairy farms where the silo is not used, as most pastures are short and poor in the latter part of summer or fall. An acre of corn planted on a place convenient to the silo or pasture will be worth a great deal at that time. A little grain corn cut and fed will save shrinkage in milk in dairy cow or weight in beef stock, which would require a great deal of feed to regain if once lost.

Manure Values. Experts figure that cattle manure is worth \$2.02; horse manure, \$2.21; hog manure, \$3.29; sheep manure, \$3.30; liquid manure, \$7; and chicken manure \$7.07 per ton, aside from the humus in them. In a year a horse produces \$27, a cow \$19, a hog \$12 and a sheep \$2 worth of manure.

Plaster for Wounds. The inside lining of a freshly broken egg is a most excellent plaster for cuts and wounds. As an egg is always easy to obtain on the farm, this should not be forgotten.

Sheep Coat for Cows. The cow that gets sick and a grain ration wears a sheep coat. The case, she sheds continuously. The cow with a sheep coat is healthy and can do her best.

noon, then put it up in small heaps and cover with mulla hay caps and leave it for two or three days. It will then be wilted enough and if fed dry and in not too large quantities, there is little danger of causing bloat to animals.

Alfalfa hay contains as much protein as wheat bran. When the farmer is ready to study and work for it and has learned how to grow the alfalfa plant, this protein will come to him almost free of cost except his own work.

Rape for Hogs. I recently drilled a patch of rape, using six pounds of seed and 200 pounds fertilizer to an acre. This was sowed last year, resulting in very fine hog pasture, says a writer in an exchange. My hogs were the best in the neighborhood after running on this rape patch.

Remedy for Potato Rot. The New York experiment station shows that lime-sulphur cannot replace bordeaux mixture as a remedy for potato disease.

## JOIN ISSUE ON TARIFF

REPUBLICANS READY AND WILLING TO MEET DEMOCRATS.

Voters May Be Relieved on to Leave the Matter of Intelligent Revision in the Hands of the Party of Achievement.

Governor Wilson is quoted as saying that "undoubtedly the tariff is the chief object of interest to the people of the United States. It is at the very heart of every other question." In taking this view of the situation the Democratic candidate places the campaign, as far as he can control it, upon ground which will be entirely satisfactory to Republicans. They will be ready to meet the tariff question whenever and wherever the Democrats force it to the front.

The tariff issue affects a multitude of business concerns, directly and deeply. It raises the question of employment for millions of men. It involves the solvency and prosperity of thousands of manufacturers and merchants.

The American people are convinced, and rightly, that there must be revision of the tariff, and revision downward. They want lower duties on many kinds of merchandise and lower average rates. But it is also quite certain that they want the changes made intelligently, gradually, with due regard for the safety of business concerns doing legitimate work beneficial to the country.

The Democratic proposition has been for a more or less ignorant, more or less blind tinkering with the tariff and large reductions in duties which may or may not fairly measure the difference between the labor cost of production in the United States and in Europe. That course means trouble is persisted in.

It may be that Governor Wilson has something better in mind, but it is clear that his party representatives in Washington do not intend to let the expert tariff board created by the Republican party in accordance with Republican ideas and plans, aid in lighting the path of congress or making its work more just and reasonable.

The more the Democratic candidate crowding the tariff to the front in the coming campaign, the more effective opposition he will encounter and the more interesting the fight will become.

Cleveland Leader.

Expert Incompetency. It is asserted by the New York Sun that to resurrect from President or Professor Wilson's teachings in the past opinions or conclusions at variance with his present position or that of his party, is to resurrect something with which the country has no more to do.

It is asserted by the New York Sun that to resurrect from President or Professor Wilson's teachings in the past opinions or conclusions at variance with his present position or that of his party, is to resurrect something with which the country has no more to do.

We are unable to entirely agree with this view. To judge it by the Sun's own comparison, if John Adams, as a public instructor with regard to subjects on which to express a judgment, had argued and formulated the decision that it was unjust for England to tax the colonies without their consent, it would have decidedly weakened the force of a subsequent advocacy on his part of the right of the colonies to resist such taxation.

Undoubtedly men have the liberty of changing their opinions. But when a man in the position of a university instructor, speaking of subjects in the field to which by his position he is presumed to have devoted careful study, promulgates one opinion, and further on, in the same connection, advocates the exact opposite, the mildest conclusion possible is that at one time or other he has reached a judgment that he promulgated as authoritative on inflexible grounds. Moreover, when the first judgment is made under circumstances that make it, at least, disinterested, and the second under conditions that make it advantageous to his political fortunes, it is not unduly cynical to suggest that the labor decision may have been influenced by considerations not so favorable to strict impartiality as the first.

Vital Issue Between the Parties. The Democratic party stands squarely upon a tariff-for-revenue-only platform. Governor Wilson, like nearly all college theorists, is at heart a free trader. Mr. Bryan, who espoused Wilson's candidacy, has declared publicly that the protective principle is nothing more or less than legalized robbery. Champ Clark, a defeated candidate for the nomination, has asserted his desire to see all the custom houses destroyed. There is no question what will happen if the Democratic party should win. The tariff walls will be torn down.

The Republican party, upon the other hand, stands for enough protection to offset the cheap labor of Europe and would thus preserve to the American workmen an environment which free trade would destroy.

President Taft as a Candidate. The Republicans undoubtedly have nominated a good President. He has at all times striven for big things, peace among nations, reciprocity with Canada, regulation of railroads, enforcement of the Sherman law, economy in administration, enlargement of the civil service. He has also had a firm and restraining hand at a time when sensational complications might have arisen because of the rebellions in Mexico and Cuba.—Washington Star.

Woodrow Wilson is a free trader. Not in the mill, not in the factory, not in the market place, at the blackboard in the schoolroom. And he believes his doctrine. He believes it with all his heart. He believes his people. And, if he can, he will give his doctrine to the American people to practice.

Well, before they vote on it the wage earners of the United States have four months to think over this program of Woodrow Wilson and the Democratic party striking clean home to their bread and butter.

Re-elect President Taft. Next November we can re-elect the practical and painstaking Mr. Taft and forever stop experimenting with the flaming and fantastic Dr. Wilson. If we are really finding the present high cost of living a hardship, we must search for a practical remedy under the guidance of practical men. We must certainly avoid the turmoil and confusion that would follow a reign of crackpot innovations and the muddled manipulations of cotton-batting theorists.

Hard Road Ahead of Wilson. There are insurgents in the Democratic party as well as in the Republican party and Mr. Wilson will find that all is not as harmonious in November as it is now. He will find that he cannot serve two masters and that he must either break with Bryan or with Murphy, Ryan and Belmont.

One Democratic Accomplishment. One thing has been accomplished by the house. It rejected the information on the tariff board was years in gathering, and killed the board.

## GUARD AGAINST HARD TIMES

Workingmen Will See That Their Interests Demand Defeat of Woodrow Wilson for President.

The record of the Chicago convention is of little practical consequence now compared with the assault sure to be made on our industrial system should Mr. Wilson become president by the aid of Republican dissensions.

The Democratic candidate is a doctrinaire on the tariff issue and his party has pledged itself to a revision of tariff rates which, if modified, would mean the Democratic majority in the present house of representatives has been doing, will certainly upset industry, reduce wages and bring about an era of lower prices by the simple device of reducing the purchasing power of the consumer. When all become poorer—prices must fall, and the present Democratic program aims at solving the problem of the high cost of living by forcing the community to a lower level of wages and consuming capacity.

The people of the great industrial states are much more directly interested in the economic threat behind the Wilson candidacy than they are in the disputes provoked at the Chicago convention. There may be some persons who want to see prices cut down through checking industry, inviting foreign competition and reducing the earning and spending power of labor. But the workingmen in the manufacturing states do not belong to that class. They want to see wages maintained and opportunities of employment widened, and they are beginning to realize that the best way to defend themselves is to defeat the Jersey advance agent of business unrest and falling values. They also desire that the safest means of voting hard times out is to continue in power the present efficient and trustworthy Republican administration.

Profitable Year for Uncle Sam. As the biggest business concern in the country the federal government feels the effects of good times or bad quite as certainly and almost as quickly as any mercantile or manufacturing corporation. When the country is going ahead rapidly the income of the United States rises steadily. When there is general depression the receipts of the treasury fall off accordingly.

The strong and healthy movement of trade and industry in the last few months is shown by the large surplus with which the federal government closed the fiscal year ended June 30. The revenues exceeded the expenditures of the nation by about \$32,000,000, which is three times the surplus estimated by Secretary MacVeagh at the close of the year.

The surplus has been practically what was expected to be, but the income has risen far above the expected total.

The country is doing well. If it can keep things moving at the rate which all existing industrial and commercial conditions promise there will be little cause for complaint.

The Navy and the Democrats. Democrats cannot afford to go before the country with the foolish explanation that the majority of the income received to provide battleships because such additions to the national defense are not needed, nor with the further excuse that this action has been inspired solely by the insensibilities of a hard and fast economy. Their past record on the navy sustains the first assertion; the millions so blithely provided to catch votes in the Sherwood pension bill shows the real value of the economy urged in the second.

Roughly speaking, two battleships annually will cost the country, with the necessary destroyers and other auxiliaries, about twenty-eight millions. The Spanish war, which lasted six months, cost us five hundred millions, or at the rate of eighty-four millions monthly, a sum sufficient to provide two battleships a year for four years—which is cheaper, battleships or war? Where is the real economy?

Republican and Progressive. On the whole, it is a distinctly progressive Republican platform. It adheres steadfastly to the traditions of the party in the past, and it meets the issues that have arisen recently with true Republican spirit.

The party, as the platform points out, has always been a party of advanced and constructive statesmanship, and it is now ready as in the past to go forward surely and safely in solving new questions, as it has gone forward heretofore, to experiment with the old, before they try the new. It stands for progressive legislation in matters of public health, and of women's and children's labor; for just and generous compensation laws for workmen and for protecting employees in perilous vocations, for publicity of campaign contributions, for the parcels post, for conservation of resources and for every principle that progressive Republicans have advocated.—Detroit Free Press.

Change in President Arthur's Life. I remember the great change that came about in the character and in the outward life of President Chester A. Arthur. As a New York politician and collector of the port, he had been one of the "boys," the higher and finer class of "boys," and yet one of them. But when a strange providence placed him in the presidential office after the murder of President Garfield, what a change came over him! What a steady, sedate, wise, successful, honorable and pure chief magistrate he made! All speak well of his memory.

The dignity, the exaltation, the privileges which had come to him contributed to make him over. It is much the same with the Christian who knows who he is and what he has in Christ.

Finally, the Holy Spirit gives the believer spiritual access into God in prayer—verses 26-28. This is the crowning act of grace and power.

In the Stream of Power. Was it long ago, or was it but yesterday, that we prayed for strength to perform a certain duty, to bear a certain burden, to overcome a certain temptation, and received it? Do we dream that the divine force was exhausted in answering that one prayer? No more than the great river is exhausted by turning the wheels of one mill. Put it to the proof again with today's duty, today's burden, today's temptation. Thrust yourself further and further into the stream of God's power and feel it again as you have felt it before, able to exceed abundantly. Remember and trust.—C. P. Van Dyke.

## Making a Holy Man or Salvation from the Subjective Side

By Rev. James M. Gray, D. D., Dean of Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.

TEXT—For they that are after the flesh do mind the things of the flesh; but they that are after the Spirit the things of the Spirit.—Romans 8:5.

There are several things which God does for the Christian believer in an objective sense, that is, in the sense that they proceed from himself without being necessarily known to or experienced in the believer's life. In other words, he reconciles him, he saves him, he justifies him, he blesses him with all spiritual blessings in Christ Jesus. These things all speak of the believer's state or position before God, and constitute what might be called his legal standing.

In this sermon, however, we are to think about what God graciously does to transmute this legal standing of the believer before him into the actual experience and conduct of the believer himself. This is what we mean by "salvation from the subjective side."

If the other things touch on Christ's work "for us," these relate to Christ's work "in us," on the supposition that we have received him as our Savior, and confessed him as our Lord.

In other words, he, through the Holy Spirit, does several things which go to make the true believer a holy man, and which are enumerated in this eighth chapter of Paul's letter to the Romans for although our text is limited to but one verse, we intend to speak of more than one.

In the first place, the Holy Spirit sets the believer free from the law of sin and death, verses 2 to 4.

Prior to his regeneration through faith in Christ, the believer was under the power of a tendency or law in the direction of sin, the outcome of which was death, eternal death; but the coming of the Holy Spirit to him means that new tendency or law has been set up within him whose direction is just the opposite to this.

In the second place, the Holy Spirit gives him the spiritual "mind" or disposition to obey and follow out this tendency, in the direction of holiness and eternal life, verses 5 and 6.

In the third place, he not only gives him the spiritual mind, but gives farther and gives the spiritual power to exercise that mind, verses 11-13, so that the Christian has no excuse for committing sin.

A Life of Victory. The New Testament does not teach a doctrine of sinless perfection, or the eradication of evil from our hearts, as long as we remain in the flesh, but it does teach that there is such a thing as living a life of victory over every known sin every day. Christians have no justification for apologizing for quick tempers and irritable speeches and envy and jealousy—not to speak of grosser sins of the flesh—on the ground that such things are part of their temperament and can't be helped. It is true that they can't help their sin, but they can help their nature.

It is concerned that the very nature of the indwelling of the Holy Spirit is to enable them to live a supernatural life of power over them if they yield their wills to him.

In the fourth place, the Holy Spirit gives the believer spiritual encouragement to exercise this power, for he bears witness within him to his Sonship to God and heirship as well through Jesus Christ—verses 14-17. What stronger motive could there be to stir a man to put away sin and live a holy life comparable to the apprehension of the fact that he is indeed a child of God and a joint-heir with Jesus Christ? People of the world are inclined to smile at these things and consider them ethereal and visionary, because they cannot understand them, lacking the spiritual discernment, but these are, after all, the real things, the substance of life, while the phenomena that occupy so much of man's attention now are only the shadow of the true.

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## HER EVENING TO BLUNDER

Fate Evidently Was Determined to Be Unkind to Fair-Diner-Making Conversation.

"Can you tell me," remarked a lady of her partner at the supper table, "who that exceedingly ugly man is? I mean the one sitting opposite you?"

The gentleman smiled sardonically. "Oh, he's my brother!" came the reply.

The lady went screech, and her confusion was almost painful.

"Oh, I'm so sorry!" she stammered, apologizing profusely. "You see, I did not notice the resemblance between you."

A moment later she turned to her neighbor on her left, who happened to be a woman.

"Do you see that handsome fellow over there, twisting his mustache?" she asked. "He's been watching me, and making eyes at me all the evening. Who is he?"

The other woman turned scornfully and angrily upon her.

"Oh, he's only my husband!" came the biting reply.

The Main Thing.

"Would you die for me?" she murmured.

"Gladly, darling," he answered.

"And would there," she continued, softly, "be anything left for me after the undertaker's bill was paid?"—The Bachelor's Casket.

This time of year, in order to have your linings, you ought to have your outings.

Ransom, Ill.—The trouble started on our baby when he was only about two weeks old. Started like little white pimples, looked like an old scab of blood and matter. His whole head was covered for a few months then it went to his ear, shoulders, and his whole body. It seemed to come out thick and sticky on his head, while on the other parts of his body it was more like water coming out of the skin. He would scratch until the eruption would be all covered with blood and gradually spread. The least little touch with anything would set the scales to bleed, spread and itch. Never a full night's sleep, restless all night.

"The sores were horrid to look at. It lasted until he was about two and a half years old. Then we saw an eczema advertisement in the paper to use Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. We put the Cuticura Ointment on thick at bed time and put a tight hood on so he would not scratch the sores. Then we washed it clean with Cuticura Soap and warm water twice a day, and he was completely cured." (Signed) Mrs. B. F. Sulzberger, Dec. 30, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 25¢ Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Mother's Castoria.

Terms of the Game. He—Dearest, you're the goal of my affections.

She (removing his arm)—Five yards for holding.—Harvard Lampoon.

To remove nicotine from the teeth, disinfest the mouth and purify the breath after smoking, Paxtine is a boon to all. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Way It Looked to Him. Mrs. Benham—Did she wear a picture hat?

Benham—She wore a roof garden.

Cole's Carbolic. Believes and cures itching, burning, diseases of the skin and mucous membranes. A. J. Cole, 100-102 Broadway, New York. Write for free sample to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Almost the Limit. Walter—How is the stent? Hilda—Patience, it's as tough as an only child.

Water in bluing is adulteration. Glass and water makes bluing costly. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, makes clothes whiter than snow.

The ocean of life is a case of sink or swim with a large portion of the floating population.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures colic, 25c a bottle.

Time is frequently money lost unless you take advantage of it.



EVENTIDE—Supper. What shall it be? A cooked meat? No! Too long—too tedious to prepare. Just phone the grocer for Libby's Luncheon Meats.

They're delicious! Some Vienna sausage or sliced dried beef—some veal loaf or corned beef. They're so easy to serve. Oh, here's an idea—a Libby meat!

Libby's Olives or Sugar-Cured Libby's Corned Beef Libby's Veal Loaf—Chili Con Carne Potatoes Au Gratin Libby's Asparagus

And then just top off with Libby's Fruits or Preserves. Do you think that sound good? Order them from your grocer now. You will be surprised how economical a Libby meal will be.

Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

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Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

## PROTEIN FOR THE STUDIOUS FARMER

Best Way to Prepare Soil for Alfalfa to Grow Good Cultivated Crop for Year or Two.

I have learned that the best way to prepare soil for alfalfa is by growing corn or some cultivated crop on it a year or two, and by observing the growth of the corn I know about what the soil needs. The land must be well-drained, rightly fertilized, thoroughly tilled and clean of weeds, with lime and inoculation. I then alfalfa will grow. I now always sow in the spring, with light seeding of barley for nurse crop, says an expert in the Farm and Home.

Alfalfa should not be cut when the dew or frost is on it. If it is to be fed green, sufficient feed for two or three days can be cut on a bright day. Cut it when the dew is off, spread it well and let it lie until late in the after-

noon, then put it up in small heaps and cover with mulla hay caps and leave it for two or three days. It will then be wilted enough and if fed dry and in not too large quantities, there is little danger of causing bloat



# FIRST DUTY

## Find Means of Support Without Aid

By FRANK CRANE

"A MAN'S first duty," said an eminent English scientist, "is to find a way to support himself, thereby relieving other people of the necessity of supporting him."

That I consider a shrewd observation. Whatever may be your nature, whether you feel yourself to be an artist, or experience within yourself the movements of poetry, it is well to learn to do something that will enable you to exist with self-respect by taking yourself off other people's backs.

The one work to take up is some kind of work the world is willing to pay for.

You may be created to do something wonderful or beautiful or wise, but primarily you are created to do something for men that will persuade them to feed and clothe you.

First earn your salt, then come on with your message.

In the olden days the Jews taught every child a trade. The youth might grow up to be a learned rabbi, but on a pinch he could mend chairs.

Saint Paul was a tent-maker. He discharged his debt to the race by making tents; he threw in his gospel as a boot.

It is what you do to boot that brings you glory and honor, praise and power. But don't forget your main duty, which is to earn your wage.

If you don't have to work for a living it is too bad. You may amount to something, but the chances are against you.

A few endowed gentlemen and ladies have helped the world along a little in the course of history, but not enough to matter.

Most people look upon a condition where they would be freed from the struggle for bread and butter and house rent as a heaven devoutly to be wished.

Hence we have erected universities and scholarships and endowments so that superior folk might devote all their energies to higher things. For the most part those segregated and sheltered classes have done nothing much but maintain old ideas long after they are dead and should have been buried or contribute to the already endless bazaar of learned uselessness.

Wage labor is work. What you do after you work is play.

Your play is the best thing you do. All true art, philosophy and religion is the soul's play. There's no wage for it, and there never can be.

If you work all the time you become stupid, like the huge money getters.

If you play all the time, like the endowed folk, you become silly, probably also vicious.

If therefore you would be normal, healthy and happy, do something each day that mankind is willing to pay money for, put forth some effort reducible to the common denominator of human activity—money; do that first, then do something that cannot be paid for.

Perhaps you can do both at the same time.

# Nature Favors Active and Busy Life

By Eleanor R. Harrison, Chicago

Connoisseurs say that fish living lazily in deep pools where existence is easy are poor in quality, whereas those in running water where food is hard to get and dangers are all around to be guarded against have the finest, the real exquisite flavor.

So it would seem that nature favors the strenuous life—not that purposeless, resultless buzzing about in the squirrel cage which some people call life, any more than the eternal sitting with folded hands and empty brain, the great common lot, that of hustling for a living for self and loved ones.

Plenty of love, work and play are what are good for us—play to build us up when we are weary, work to keep us from getting into mischief, love to make work worth while.

And if we are unhappy, most likely there is something wrong with that great life trinity. The ideal lot would be congenial work—that into which one could put one's very best, loving and being loved by delightful people, and having the means of real recreation—that which verily recreates—always at hand.

But in this very practical world, which is only a training school anyhow, it would seem that it is enough for the average man if these three are present, even in imperfection.

Most of us must love very ordinary folks, for we are ourselves of the ordinary sort; most of us haven't had the time or means to develop all that may be in us, much less find the round or square holes that exactly fit our round or square shapes; most of us can't choose between golf, automobile, tennis, horseback riding and fancy gymnastics at the athletic club, but must content ourselves with walking home from business or a game of ball with the boys in the back yard.

But only when we love heartily and work well and play whenever we get a chance will life be wholesome, human, real.

# Subtle Nerves Are Hard to Control

By WILLIAM G. JOHNSON, Altoona, Pa.

In a railway or other accident a man may be scared within an inch of his life; he may get such a fright as will all but kill him, but unless the fear leaves permanent and painful physical effects, he has no redress in a suit for damages. A decision handed down by a North Carolina court says that "mere fright is not actionable." A person must suffer both in body and in mind and be made sick in order to recover damages.

That sounds like good common sense, and it is doubtless good law, but can a general rule be applied in all cases? Suppose two persons occupy a seat in a railway car that is wrecked, but neither is injured physically in the least. Suppose also that one of the two is hardy, robust, courageous, with a strong nervous organization, while the other is weak, timid, with shattered nerves. The shock might easily cause the nervous person to suffer both in mind and in body and be made sick, while the other escaped with no unpleasant permanent effects whatever.

Would the fright in one case be actionable, and not actionable in the other? Would the railway company be held responsible for the nervous condition of all the passengers? In that case it might be necessary to have specialist to examine passengers before they board the trains or trolley cars, in order that the company might not be liable. Such delicate and subtle things as nerves are hard to control, even by profound and well-established principles of law.

# Are Ever at War?

There are two things everlastingly at war, joy and pain. But Bucklin's Arnica Salve will banish pain in any form. It soothes, soothes the itching, irritation, inflammation or swelling. It gives comfort, invites joy. Greatest healer of burns, boils, ulcers, cuts, bruises, eczema, rashes, pimples, skin eruptions. Only 25c at A. M. Lewis & Co.

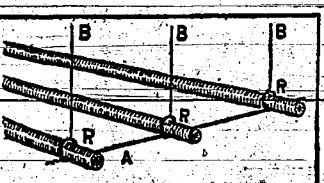
A vast amount of ill health is due to impaired digestion. When the stomach fails to perform its functions properly the whole system becomes deranged. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will all you need. They will strengthen your digestion, invigorate your liver, and regulate your bowels, entirely doing away with that miserable feeling due to faulty digestion. Try it. Many others have been permanently cured—Why not you? For sale by all dealers.

# ROOST-MADE VERMIN-PROOF

Plan Evolved That Gives Entire Satisfaction—Is Easily Constructed and Sanitary.

After having my fowls tortured at night by vermin which crawled from their hiding-places in the walls, I devised the following plan for a roost which I have found gives perfect satisfaction, writes Mrs. J. L. Cherry in the Farm and Fireside. It is as follows:

For a roost of a given number of poles, have twice as many iron rings (about five inches in diameter) made at a blacksmith shop. Then stretch a



Vermin-Proof Chicken Roost.

large wire (A) about eight inches from the wall on each side and about four inches lower than you wish the top of the roost to be. These wires should be passed through small holes bored in the walls at each end of the house, stretched good and tight, and fastened on the outside.

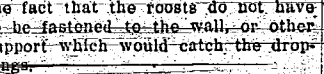
Then suspend the rings (RRR) from the rafters by means of wire (BBB) so that they will barely touch the wire A. Then make the rings (RRR) secure to the wire A by means of small wires wrapped around each ring and the wire A. After a similar structure has been made on the other side, the arrangement is ready for the poles, which should be smooth saplings from three to four inches in diameter and cut nine inches shorter than width of the house, so that they may be easily taken in and out of the rings.

Besides being vermin-proof, this roost has the advantage of being easily constructed and sanitary from the fact that the roosts do not have to be fastened to the wall, or other support which would catch the droppings.

HOOK FOR CATCHING POULTRY

Excellent Device for Capturing Fowls for Examination or Execution Whenever Desired.

Instead of chasing fowls when needed for examination or anything else, every poultryman should employ catching hooks. These devices save considerable time and prevent much



Poultry Hook.

of the fright and injury which usually occur when fowls are chased, says the Orange Judd Farmer. The one used by the New York experiment station at Ithaca and described in bulletin 284 is an improvement on the common style. It differs from the common one, first because the wire is so fortified and braced that it remains practically rigid, and second, the hook end is so bent that it permits the shank of the fowl to be easily caught and effectively held without injury, owing to the aperture entrance which prevents the shank from being caught and withdrawn, and the large aperture, which gives freedom of action, while the shank is held. The shank, however, is easily released by the attendant. The hook is made from a broom handle and a six-foot piece of No. 10 steel wire, which can be easily bent into the proper shape. The wire is less conspicuous than the wooden end, which attracts the fowl's attention while the hook catches the shank. The fowl is then gently drawn from the flock and the foot released.

# PODERMAN'S

Crowding is bad, whether in the house or on the roosts.

A poultry-house without a grit-box and a dust bath is incomplete.

One of the prime causes of roup in poultry is close, stuffy roosting quarters.

A good way to administer charcoal is by feeding corn charred until it is black.

Breeding for "fancy" does not necessarily mean doing so at the expense of utility.

In shipping birds, send only those that you feel satisfied will please your customers.

No one grain alone will keep a fowl in good condition; they must be furnished a variety.

Breeding stock can be bought now at a much lower price than will be asked in the spring.

Grit must be provided even when hens are on range; the grit-hopper should be kept filled.

It is not a good plan to force the breeders for laying; it is apt to cause infertility in the eggs.

A bone cutter costs money, but it helps to make more money from the flock and soon pays for itself.

The winter is a good time to put in studying the better methods of mating, feeding and caring for the flock.

A frequent cause of male birds getting their wattles frozen comes from first getting them wet while drinking.

Considerable Danger Involved. A Pittsburg woman wants all married men to wear a ring so that girls might recognize them. But such a sign might unnecessarily expose the back-splitters.

"We're all medicines as meritorious as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the world would be much better off and the percentage of suffering greatly decreased," writes Lindsay Scott, of Temple, Ind. For sale by all dealers.

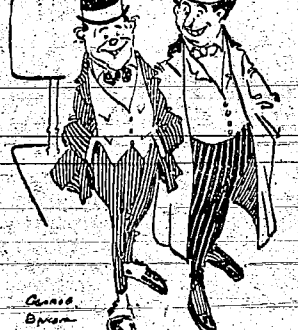
# WHAT HE THOUGHT



The Quietly Dressed Man—No, sir, I never take advantage of anybody who is not ready to take advantage of some one else.

The Loud-Dressed Man—Shake, I'm a bunco-steerer myself.

# THE DIFFERENCE



Hit—What do you think of the fellow who knows a lot and doesn't try to do something?

Dix—Not half as bad as the fellow who knows nothing and tries to do a lot.

# NATURALLY



A burglar asked me a conundrum yesterday.

A conundrum? What was it?

"Where's your money?"

"What did you say?"

"Gave it up."

# Indian Killed on Track

Near Rochelle, Ill., an Indian went to sleep on a railroad track and was killed by the fast express. He paid for his carelessness with his life. Often it is that way when people neglect coughs and colds. Don't risk your life when prompt use of Dr. King's New Discovery will cure them and so prevent a dangerous throat or lung trouble. It completely cured me in a short time of a terrible cough that followed a severe attack of Grip.

Writes J. R. Watts, Floydada, Tex.: "and I regained 15 pounds in weight that I had lost." Quick, safe, reliable, and guaranteed. 50c and \$1.00, Trial Bottle Free at A. M. Lewis & Co.

# GARDEN and FARM NOTES

A crack in a wall is a poor ventilator.

Get nitrogen into the soil, and you have manure.

Onions should never be handled when frozen, as it will produce rot.

The onion is a bulb, a plant at rest, and the least warmth starts it into growth.

Make an inventory of everything you have on the farm; its condition and value.

More potatoes are grown in New York state than in any other state in the Union.

Now is the time to plan for the supply of ice that will make next summer more enjoyable.

Farming is a regular business to make it profitable requires work for the head as well as for the hands.

Many a man who makes fun of the book farmer, calling him a theorist and impractical man falls simply because he does not read and study.

It is much better that onions should remain frozen through the winter, provided they can thaw gradually, than to put them in a warm cellar.

If many of the farmers knew how much it cost them to leave their machinery out doors all winter they would be quick to build machine sheds.

Do not cut the alfalfa after barley is harvested; let it make root growth. If wanted for hay, cut the crop as soon as it commences to bloom in the following year.

One of the most common ailments that hardworking people are afflicted with is lame back. Apply Chamberlain's Liniment twice a day and massage the parts thoroughly at each application, and you will get quick relief. For sale by all dealers.

# THE TRUTH ABOUT THOSE DELEGATES

Roosevelt Contests Instigated to Deceive the Public.

ALL BUT 74 WERE ABANDONED

An Examination of the Facts Shows That the Tribunals Which Decided These Contests in Favor of Mr. Taft Were Right in Every Instance—The Remaining 104 Contests Were Privileged, and Their Prompt Abandonment Reflects Upon the Genuine and Validity of the Remainder.

Washington, July 20.—Here are the facts in relation to the contested seats in the Republican national convention. It is a summary of a detailed statement going carefully into all of the cases, a statement so thorough that it takes up 150 pages of printed matter. This statement is signed by Mr. Victor Rosewater, chairman of the former Republican national committee, by Mr. J. H. Devine of Colorado, chairman of the committee on credentials of the Republican national convention, and by Mr. Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the present Republican national committee.

The total number of delegates summoned to the convention under its call was 1,078, with 540 necessary to a choice. Mr. Taft had 501 votes on the first and only ballot and was declared the nominee. There were instituted against 238 of the delegates regularly elected for Taft contests on behalf of Roosevelt. These contests were avowedly instituted not for the purpose of really securing seats in the convention, not for the purpose of adding evidence which would lead any respectable court to entertain the contests, but for the purpose of deceiving the public into the belief that Mr. Roosevelt had more votes than he really had, as the conventions and primaries were in progress for the selection of delegates.

This is not only a necessary inference from the character of the contests, but it was doubly proved by the character of the newspaper owned by Mr. Munsey, who has been Mr. Roosevelt's chief financial and newspaper supporter. The 238 contests were reduced by abandonment to seventy-four.

The very fact of these 104 frivolous contests itself reflects upon the genuineness and validity of the remainder. The seventy-four delegates include six at large from Arizona, four at large from Kentucky, four at large from Indiana, six at large from Michigan, eight at large from Texas and eight at large from Washington, and also two district delegates each from the Ninth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth districts of Texas.

CONCLUSION.

The purpose of this resume of the contests in which there was any shadow of substance has been to inform those who have not time or inclination to read the longer and more detailed account of the contests in the latter pamphlet. It is not essential to understand Taft's title indisputable that all non-agree on every one of the issues raised. They were decided by the tribunals which uniform party usage had made the proper tribunals to decide such contests. If those tribunals acted in good faith mistaken judgment would not invalidate their decisions. As a matter of fact, an examination of the facts show that the tribunals acted right in every instance. There is not the slightest evidence that they were moved by other than a more desire to reach a right conclusion. On the other hand, the action of the transgressors in bringing 100 contests that they promptly abandoned, strongly tended to show the lack of good faith in the prosecution of all of them. Those who suppose President Taft can well afford to stand on the record in this case and to asseverate without fear of successful contradiction that the delegates whose seats were contested were as fairly seated in this convention as any in the history of the party.

Flying Men Fall

victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles just like other people, in like results in loss of appetite, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless and run-down feeling. But there is no need to feel like that as P. D. Beebles, Henry, Tenn., proved. "Six bottles of Electric Bitters," he writes, "did more to give me new strength and good appetite than all other stomach remedies I used. So they help everybody. Its folly to suffer when this great remedy will help you from the first dose. Try it. Only 50c at A. M. Lewis & Co.

# FREE BOOK

On the treatment of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, Poultry, Birds and Trained Animals, mailed free.

For Every Living Thing on the Farm. Humphreys' Veterinary Specifics.

A. A. For FEVERS, Milk Fever, Lung Fever, B. B. For BRUISES, Lacerations, Rheumatism, C. C. For SORE THROAT, Epizootic, Distemper, D. D. For WOUNDS, Bites, Cuts, E. E. For COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, F. F. For COLIC, Biliary, Diarrhea, G. G. For RHEUMATISM, H. H. For SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, I. I. For BAD CONDITION, Indigestion, 60 cts. each bottle.

Veterinary Oil for Hoofs \$1.00. Stable Cans, full outfit \$7.00.

At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Home, Middleburg Co., Cor. William and Ash Streets, New York.

# Sealed Proposals:

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned Commissioner of Highways of the township of Grayling, at my office in said township, until the 15th day of August A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. for furnishing all the necessary materials and performing the following work, to wit:

Clearing all stumps, grubs, and logs within limits and between the grade stakes, and to grade and lay the stones on said road, beginning at the section corners of 8 and 17 and 7 and 18 in town 26 N. R. 3 W. thence running 1 1/2 mile to the right line between sec. 9 and 18; according to the plans and specifications thereof now in my office and which will be open to inspection until the time above mentioned, on which said day, and at the place aforesaid, I will contract therefore with the lowest bidder, giving good and sufficient security for the performance of said work. The right to reject any or all proposals is hereby reserved.

Dated this first day of August A. D. 1912

FRANCIS O. PECK, Com. of Highways Grayling-Tp.

# Coming To Grayling

United Doctors, Specialists will be at

The New Russell House

Monday, Aug. 5th

One day only.

Hours 9:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.

Remarkable Success of these talented physicians in the treatment of Chronic Diseases.

Offer Their Services Free of Charge.

The United Doctors, licensed by the state of Michigan for the treatment of deformities and all nervous and chronic diseases of men, women and children, have arrived at this city for consultation, examination and advice free, making no charge whatever except the actual cost of medicine.

All that is asked in return for these valuable services is that every person treated will state the result obtained to their friends and thus make to the sick and afflicted in every city and locality, that at last treatments have been discovered that are reasonable, sure and certain in their effect.

Diseases of the stomach, intestines, liver, kidneys, skin, nose, throat, spleen, kidney, bladder, rheumatism, sciatica, diabetes, bed-wetting, hemorrhoids, weak lungs, and those afflicted with long standing, deep seated chronic diseases, that have baffled the skill of the family physician, should not fail to call on these doctors.

According to their system no more operations for appendicitis, gall stones, tumors, gonorrhea or certain forms of cancer. They were among the first in America to earn the name of the "Bloodless Surgeons" by doing away with the knife, with blood and with all the pain in the successful treatment of these dangerous diseases.

If you have kidney or bladder trouble, bring a two-ounce bottle of your urine for chemical analysis and microscopic examination.

No matter what your ailment may be, no matter what others may have told you, no matter what experience you may have had with other physicians, it will be to your advantage to see them at once. Have it forever settled in your mind—If your case is hopeless they will give you such advice as may relieve and stay the disease. Do not put off this duty you owe yourself or friends or relatives who are suffering because of your sickness, as a visit this time may help you.

Remember, this free offer is for one day only.

Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with their parents.

Dr. Burnham's San Jak

Is the world's best and quickest cure for Catarrh, Coughs, Hoarseness, Tuberculosis, Kidney and Bladder Trouble, and excels any and all for the quick relief and cure of Rheumatism.

We guarantee the above, or hand you back the price of one bottle, at Olson's Central Drug Store Grayling, Mich.

# M. C. R. R.

GOING NORTH Leave Grayling.

No. 91... 6:05 a.m.  
No. 187... 2:00 p.m.  
No. 201... 1:50 p.m.  
No. 207... 4:15 a.m.

GOING SOUTH Leave Grayling

No. 156... 6:00 a.m.  
No. 202... 1:04 p.m.  
No. 205... 2:34 p.m.  
No. 158... 12:40 p.m.

Johannesburg No. 91... 6:05 a.m.

Lewiston No. 93... 6:30 a.m.

This is not an Ad. nor guaranteed correct. It is given for the benefit of our readers, and will be kept corrected if possible, by the courtesy of the Local Agent.

# Manistee & N. E. R. R.

Time Card

In effect June 23, 1912.

Read Down. Read Up.

P. M. P. M.

12:30 Grayling 1:55  
1:44 Kaleva 3:17  
3:12 " 3:47  
3:38 " 4:14  
4:10 " 4:40  
4:47 " 5:13  
5:05 " 5:39  
5:43 " 6:16  
6:00 " 6:30  
6:30 ar Manistee 7:15

A. M. P. M.

8:00 3:45 ar Manistee 12:10 5:56  
8:40 4:28 Kaleva 11:23 5:10  
9:20 5:08 " 11:00 4:50  
9:44 5:32 " 10:46 4:41  
9:48 5:25 " 10:17 4:13  
9:50 5:30 " 10:11 4:08  
10:11 5:45 " 9:48 3:49  
10:17 5:51 " 9:42 3:41  
10:30 6:05 ar Traverse City 9:30 3:23

Notice of Attachment.

STATE OF MICHIGAN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF CRAWFORD.

Clayton D. Strachley, Plaintiff.

Hal Davis, Defendant.

To whom it may concern: Take notice that a Writ of Attachment was issued in said cause from the said Circuit Court of the County of Crawford, Michigan, on the 20th day of June, 1912, against the said defendant, and against said defendant for the sum of 548 dollars and 36 cents, and the said writ was made returnable June 10, 1912.

JAS. B. ROSS, Att'y for Plaintiff.

Dated June 19 1912 jun20-12

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN THE PROBATE COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF CRAWFORD.

In the matter of the estate of Josiah V. Miller, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of said court, made on the second day of July A. D. 1912, I shall sell at public auction on the 20th day of August A. D. 1912, at ten o'clock of the forenoon, at the front door of Douglas Hotel, at Grayling, in said county, the interest of said estate in the following described real estate, to wit:

The Southwest quarter [1/4] of the Southeast quarter [1/4] of Section thirteen [13] of Town twenty-eight [28] North of Range two [2] West of the fifth [5] range of the south-east corner heretofore set off to the widow of said deceased; and the south-east quarter [1/4] of the South West quarter [1/4] of section thirteen [13] of Town twenty-eight [28] North of Range two [2] West, county of Crawford, state of Michigan.

Dated this 2nd day of July A. D. 1912

WRIGHT HAVENS, Administrator.

# Drs. Insley & Keyport

Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store.

Office hours—9 to 11 a.m. 3-4, 7-8 p.m. Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

# Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON, PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accounts (closed extended) that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Proprietor.

# C. A. Canfield, D.D.S.

DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8:30-11 a.m. 1-3:30 p.m.

# Geo. L. Alexander

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Pine Lands Bought and sold on Commission. Non-Residents' Lands looked after. Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of Bank of Grayling.

# Frank G. Walton